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***	EXIT:	T Result s - R	DIT FLAGS AS FOLLOWS: 1% - FTN CARRIAGE CONTRO 2% - RESTART (QUE/RE) 4% - DELETE (QUE/DE) 8% - BINARY (QUE/BI) 16% - END (QUE/END) 32% - NO HEADER (QUE/NH) 2% - NO HEADER (QUE/NH)	INED. Dk else returnet			+ CVT%\$(S + CHR\$(0) + MID(FS\$ + STRING\$((SP,CALL\$ = 0% 767	, 23%, 4%) 4%, 0%))	1 1 1 1	UNUSED FLAGS UNUSED FILE DEVNN: UNUSED SPOOL FILE NO ERRORS
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•	le la
IF RESULTS <> 0%	SOME KIND OF ERROR
THEN ERL. \$ = 32000%	SET ERROR LINE
\ GO TO 30000	LERROR ROUTINE

20900 RETURN

Vol. 33 Search & Rescue Programs

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC, BASIC-E, CBASIC

Memory Required: 54KB-128KB

The programs on this diskette are associated with SAR (Search and Rescue) planning. Given below are descriptions of some of the programs on the diskette:

ELTPOD	 Calculates and prints tables of aerial search ELT probability of detection as a function of terrain, altitude and track spacing.
ADDPOD	- Calculates and prints a table that allows the user to combine two visual pod's or two ELT pod's.
RJCASP	- SAR resource allocation program that uses sophisticated algorithms to assist the mission coordinator in placing his search forces in the optimum search areas.
CASPPLU	 Expanded version of RJCASP which includes an extensive visual search analysis routine.
CAESAR	- Sophisticated log keeping program for air operations.
BITCASP	 Enhancement of RJCASP which uses a tablet digitizer to transfer map information for POS analysis.
CASPGAME	- Training game which challenges the user to find an unknown target on the map by using POD's.
CAPSERCH	 Game that teaches fundamentals of proper utilization of various search capabilities.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Simulation, CP/M -Utilities Operating System Index: CP/M-80

August 6, 1984

Vol. 37 CBASIC2 Programs

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC

Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

The following is a brief description of some of the programs to be found on this diskette:

MATH PROBLEM GENERATOR SYSTEM - Can be used to tutor students in mathematics problems. It also has metric problems and generates a grade report file. Requires CBASIC2 to compile and run.

CRAPS - Very elaborate craps playing program written in CBASIC2.

JRNL - Ledger-type program to keep track of expenses and income. Written in BASIC-E. Presently set up for business usage, could be modified for individual needs.

PASSWORD - Program to change keywords in your BASIC interpreter. Unclear as to which BASIC's will execute this program.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Source code only is included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Educational, Software Collections, Mathematical Operating System Index: CP/M-80

August 6, 1984

new CPM-137 Vol. 39 Music Programs Version: April 1984 Author: Various Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation Operating System: CP/M-80 Source Language: BASIC/E, ASSEMBLY Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

This diskette contains three major sets of music playing programs

MUSIC contains a three voice music program with the ability to load and save programs in CP/M files. This program takes music entered in a hexadecimal notation and compiles (scores) it into a series of instructions which wiggle the interrupt enable line fast enough to produce three voices. The source code is kept in memory in a line numbered format (a la BASIC) and edited with a built-in editor. Has a range of about 2 1/2 octaves, supports stacatto, long and short articulation, dotted notes and whole thru sixty-fourth notes. Source code is not available, but good documentation is included. Requires simple hardware, such as an amplifier and a speaker.

MUSIC4 is a program to play music. Seems to have the ability to produce four different voices. Requires a Z80 CPU and an 8 bit digital-to-analog converter. BASIC-E is needed to run some of the support software for generating song files.

MUSPAT is an overlay for a three voice music program written by Software Technology. Program requires a Processor Technology SOL computer for loading and saving of the music files. Source was not supplied.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Complete sources are not included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: CP/M Music Operating System Index: CP/M-80 new

August 5, 1984

13

revision 11-708

RSTS System Utilities from the University of Tennessee

Version: June 1984

Author: Harry Flowers, University of Tennessee, Memphis, TN

Operating System: RSTS/E V7.1, 7.2, 8.0

Source Language: BASIC-PLUS

Memory Required: Varies (MONITR requires 17KW)

Other Software Required: SPLRUN patch requires large system spooling package, MONITR assumes OPSER running, but not necessary.

This package contains four separate utilities. Following is a brief description of each:

SPLRUN patch - We have patched SPLRUN to count pages. If you use the big spooling package and would like to keep track of the pages you print, this patch works fairly well. One known problem with it is it comes up one short if there is no job burst page printed...shouldn't be too hard to fix if it matters to you. On our system, SPLRUN sends a message to our online accounting program. For purposes of this patch, the information is being sent to the OSC through OPSER.

SPLRUN.PAT patch to SPLRUN (BASIC-PLUS) SPLPAT.CMD ATPK command file for patch and compile (read before you execute)

System monitoring package (MONITR) - The package performs similar to a combination of DYNPRI and KBMON. If you have both of these programs running, you can save a job slot with MONITR. MONITR also has some additional features which can be very useful. Package consists of:

MONITR.BASmonitoring program (runs detached)KBOARD.BASkeyboard report and maintenanceKBOARD.MTRkeyboard data file (created by KBOARD.BAS)SNDMTR.BASmessage sender to MONITRMONITR.DOCdocumentation for this packageMONITR.CMDcommand file for CUSP compiling

For further details, see MONITR.DOC documentation.

Billboard - public notes system which acts as a billboard. Care was taken to write this program without cursor control so that it may be run from any terminal. See source code for further details. You will probably wish to modify the help screen, as it contains references to UTCHS.

BILBRD.BAS billboard program BILBRD.BAS must be compiled with the privileged bit set in the protection code, as [232]. Password changers - programs which will change the passwords to accounts. You are prompted for the old password, then the new password twice to make sure it's right.

PASWRD.BAS changes password to any user account PRIVP .BAS changes the password to all privileged accounts PASWRD.BAS must be compiled with the privileged bit set in the protection code, as [232]. PRIVP.BAS should NOT have the privileged bit set, to force running it from a privileged account.

Changes and Improvements: MONITR: System Monitoring Package has been changed to monitor all logged-out users, and keyboard usage time has been correctd.

Restrictions: SPLRUN gives one less page than was printed if no job burst page was specified. For MONITR a maximum of 128 configured keyboards, assumes OPSER online, but will run without OPSER. See documentation for further details.

For SPLRUN only patch is included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 500' Magtape (MA)

Format: DOS-11

Keywords: RSTS/E - Utilities, RSTS/E - System Management Operating System Index: RSTS/E

August 6, 1984

Vol. 43 Osborne CBASIC2 Accounts Payable and Accounts Receivable

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: CBASIC2

Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

This extensive package of programs will keep track of current payables and receivables, as well as ageings and payments against both. There are programs for transaction entry, ledger, sort, and printing for both accounts payables and receivables. There are also programs for a check calculator, register and writer, among others.

These programs require CBASIC2 to compile. There are known bugs that you will have to work out. Changes will be required in some programs if other than a Hazeltine terminal is used. This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the Decmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Associated Documentation: Osborne/McGraw-Hill "Accounts Payable & Accounts Receivable (CBASIC)" by Lon Poole, Mary Borchers, Martin McNiff, Robert Thomson.

Source code only is included. Documentation is not included on the magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Business Applications Operating System Index: CP/M-80

Vol. 44 Osborne/McGraw-Hill General Ledger Programs

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: CBASIC2

Memory Required: 54KB-128KB

This is the general ledger series of programs published by Osborne/McGraw-Hill. It compiles and runs on a Hazeltine terminal, but will require modification if you use a different terminal. Familiarity with CBASIC2 programming is helpful.

BUDGET1 operates on 1-20 expense records, which are input by the user. Each of these records may be subdivided into several (max of 4) categories. The program checks the addition used in allocating these categories. These are then output onto disk in records that contain the day of the transaction, payee, and category/amount for 1-4 categories. The record length is 64 characters, so that random access to the files is possible. The program will add new expenses to the disk immediately after any current expenses already logged.

LEDGER1 gives, by category, the date of payment, payee, and individual amount. It gives a total for each category for the month; it ends with a total of the month's payments. You may do more than one month at a time, and you can specify output to disk, terminal, or printer.

ANNTOTI reads the monthly categorized totals from disk, and outputs them in ledger form for optional printing on hardcopy or output to the terminal.

BUDGETCH makes changes in erroneous entries made with BUDGET1.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Associated Documentation: Osborne/McGraw-Hill "General Ledger CBASIC" by Lon Poole, Mary Borchers, Martin McNiff, Robert Thomson

Source code only is included. Documentation is not included on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Business Applications Operating System Index: CP/M-80 August 20, 1984

Vol. 45 Osborne/McGraw-Hill Payroll with Cost Accounting

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: CBASIC2

Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

Other Software Required: DECUS No. CPM-144

This diskette contains Osborne/McGraw-Hill Payroll with Cost Accounting programs. It consists of programs to do general information and employee master file maintenance, federal and state tax file maintenance, payroll transaction entry, file sorting, payroll deduction and check register, journal file, quarterly report, printing of W-2 forms and insurance reporting, as well as other transactions.

There are some routines that are needed for this program but they have not been included. They can be found in the book "Payroll With Cost Accounting" published by Osborne/McGraw-Hill.This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Associated Documentation: "Payroll With Cost Accounting" by Osborne/McGraw-Hill.

Source code only is included. Documentation is not included on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Business Applications Operating System Index: CP/M-80

new PRO-122

General Purpose Database Package

Version: V1.4, February 1984

Author: R. J. Welldon

Operating System: P/OS V1.7

Source Language: PRO/BASIC

Memory Required: 64KB

Other Software Required: PRO-BASIC, PROSE

Special Hardware Required: LA50 or LA100 printer

GPDB is a simple menu-driven database package. The database files must reside on diskette. The data fields can be either character, numeric or date. The output is only sorted by one field.

Restrictions: The database to reside on a diskette.

Documentation is not included on the media and must be ordered separately.

Media (Service Charge Code): Write-Up (AA), 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Format: FILES

Keywords: Data Base Management Operating System Index: P/OS

LEAP: Library Electronic Acquisition Program

Version: V3, February 1984

Author: Saskatchewan Technical Institute, Moose Jaw S, Saskatchewan, Canada

Operating System: RSTS/E V8.0

Source Language: BASIC-PLUS2

This system aids the Library in keeping track of the acquisitions function. It looks after a book from the ordering to the receiving. The correct fund is updated and funds reporting is done on request.

LEAP consists of nine sub-programs; each sub-program performs a function in the system.

Adding a record.
 Printing purchase orders.
 Receiving or cancelling an order.
 Searching for a record.
 Modifying a record.
 Updating the fund account.
 Fund account reporting.
 Updating the vendor file.
 Acquisitions listing.

Documention on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): Manual (EC), 500' Magtape (MA)

Format: DOS-11

Keywords: Data Acquisition, Business Applications, Library (Book) Operating System Index: RSTS/E

new 11-742

Vol. 21 Microsoft BASIC Programs

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC

Memory Required: 54KB-128KB

The following is a brief description of some of the programs to be found on the diskette:

Microsoft BASIC games such as ACYDUCY, APPOLO, BANNER, BLKJK, CHASE, CHESS, DIAMONDS, FURS, HORSE, LANDER, MANDALA, MAZE, ROCKET, RUSSIAN, SNOOPY, STRTRK, TACOS, TAXMAN, TRAP, WUMP.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Source code only is included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Games Operating System Index: CP/M-80

Vol. 22 Monstrous Startrek Games

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC

Memory Required: 54KB-128KB

Well documented games for people with lots of memory and lots of time:

BIGTREK.ASC	STARTREK.TXT trimmed to load under TDL disk BASIC with 64K memory.
BIGTREK.BAS	Compacted version of BIGTREK.ASC for much faster load under TDL disk BASIC.
STARTREK.TXT	Starting point of BIGTREK. Purported to work with MITS 8K BASIC.
STRTRK/2.ASC	Another Startrek program.
TREKINFO.DOC	Detailed rules and features of STARTREK.TXT and BIGTREK.
TREKMOD.ASC	BIGTREK trimmed some more and able to load with microsoft disk BASIC.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Source code only is included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Games Operating System Index: CP/M-80

Vol. 26 Microsoft BASIC & FORTRAN Games & Utilities

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC, FORTRAN

Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

The following is a brief description of some of the programs to be found on the diskette:

Microsoft BASIC games such as BACCRRT, BASEBALL, BIRTHDAY, BLACKJACK, CHESS, CLOUD-9, CRAPS, CRAZY-8, GALAXY, SWARMS, AND WEATHER. It also contains executable code for the FORTRAN game OTHELLO.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Source code only is included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Games, CP/M-80 -Utilities Operating System Index: CP/M-80

Vol. 27 Microsoft BASIC Games

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC

Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

The following is a brief description of some of the programs found on the diskette:

Microsoft BASIC games such as ANTONYMS, DISSAMBR, FOOTBALL, GOLF, GREEKRTS, HANGMN-1, HIDESEEK, MASTERMD, MAZE, MEMBRAIN, ROULETTE, SNOOPY, STARTREK, and MEGATREK.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Source code only is included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Games Operating System Index: CPM-80

Vol. 28 BASIC-E Utilities, Games, Database, ALGOL-Like Language

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC, ALGOL-M

Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

This package contains a BASIC-E maillist utility, a Database system, and an ALGOL-like-language called ALGOL-M.

The main theme of the database system is to provide a common set of programs that help the user create, modify, and access data files for a variety of needs. In this way, the system can be better tailored for a particular sitation, and yet the different parts of it can also be much more compatible. The sequence of operation is normally to first run the DBSETUP program to define the name and structure of the file, then run the DBENTRY program to make the initial entries, and last run the DBQUERY program to access the files.

ALGOL-M was modeled after ALGOL-60. This was done intentionally in order to provide a language which would be best suited to the needs of applications programmers using microcomputer systems. However, the basic structure of ALGOL-M is similar enough to ALGOL-60 to allow simple conversion of programs from one language to the other.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Sources may or may not be included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Games, CP/M - 80 Utilities, Programming Languages Operating System Index: CP/M - 80

Vol. 30 - BASIC-E Version 1.4 Floating Point Part Two

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC-E

Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

Other Software Required: DECUS Part No. CPM-129 to obtain rest of files for the Floating Point Package.

The following is a brief description of the programs to be found on the diskette:

CATALOG.30 Contents of CP/M group volume 30. BASCOM.LIT Literal equates. Version 1.4 BASIC-E compiler modified for CP/M. BASIC.PLM BASPAR.PLM Parser module. Symbol table and code generator module. BASSYN.PLM BASIC.COM Executable compile module. RUN.PLM Run module. RUN.COM Executable run module. Invoked when run called to build internal tables BUILD.PLM from int file.

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Note: This package contains some of the files for the Floating Point Conversion Package. Order DECUS Part No. CPM-129 to obtain the rest of the Floating Point Package.

Sources may or may not be included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Floating Point Routines Operating System Index: CP/M-80

revision 11-654

Student Terminal Management System

Version: V2, April 1984

Author: William B. Leng, Southern Connecticut University, New Haven, CT

Operating System: RSTS/E

Source Language: BASIC-PLUS2

Memory Required: 17KW

Other Software Required: Uses RSTS/E SYS calls

Special Hardware Required: Uses VT100 series cursor commands

A terminal management system to automatically handle scheduling of student terminals on a first-come, first served (one-hour-on, one-hour-off) basis. Provisions are made to send messages to all STUDENT terminals and to ascertain who's on them and what they are running. Terminal usage can be formatted for printout to teachers or usage percentage can be plotted on a VT100 with hard-copy backup to use for justification of resource changes. The available terminal list can be dynamically changed at any time.

Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): Write-Up (AA), Floppy Diskette (KA) Format: RT-11, 500' Magtape (MA) Format: DOS-11

> Keywords: Tools -Applications Development, Terminal Resource Management, Utility - System Management, Terminal Management Operating System Index: RSTS/E

new 11-739

GRADES: Course Management Program

Version: Vl, April 1984

Author: Ronald S. Daniel, California Polytechnic University, Pomona, CA

Operating System: RSTS/E V7.2 and 8.0

Source Language: BASIC-PLUS

Memory Required: 128KB

Special Hardware Required: Printer desirable but not required.

The software package described in this document is a grade keeping system developed at California State Polytechnic University, Pomona. The package is written in the BASIC PLUS language running under the RSTS operating system in a PDP-11/70 minicomputer.

This document is strictly written for an experienced programmer to understand the foundation of the system in order to be able to modify it, enhance it, or eliminate features from it.

The software is formed by different modules which perform a function on a database stored in the computer memory. The names of these modules and a short description of the function that they perform are:

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Note: This program has been tested only on RSTS/E versions 7.2 and 8.0.

Restrictions: Limited to three sections (courses) of enrollment of 300 each or less.

Media (Service Charge Code): Write-up and Listing (DB), 500' Magtape (MA)

Format: DOS-11

Keywords: Business Applications, Educational Operating System Index: RSTS/E

DECAL to DAL Translator

Version: V1.0, May 1984

Author: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: VAX/VMS V3

Source Language: VAX-11 BASIC

The DECAL to DAL translator (DECALDAL) is used to migrate lessons created with DECAL (DIGITAL'S RSTS/E Authoring Language) to DAL which is a component of the Courseware Authoring System (C.A.S.) running under VAX/VMS.The tape contains the following files:

ØREADME.TXT	This file you are reading.
DECALDAL.ABS	An abstract describing the functionality of the
	software.
DECALDAL.BAS	The source code for the translator which is
	written in VAX-11 BASIC.
DECALDAL.COM	The command procedure for using RUNOFF to create a
	print file for the manual.
DECALDAL.MEM	RUNOFF output of the DECAL-DAL Translator
	Definition manual ready for printing.
DECALDAL.OBJ	Object module for DECALDAL.
DECALDAL.RNO	RUNOFF input file for the DECAL-DAL Translation
	Definition manual.

To obtain an executable version of the translator, you must follow these steps:

- 1. Use BACKUP to copy all of the files from the tape to disk.
- 2. Link the .OBJ to generate a DECALDAL.EXE file.
- 3. Run DECALDAL using the instructions in the DECAL/DAL Translator Definition document.

Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 600' Magtape (MA)

Format: VAX/ANSI (Blocked at 2048)

Keywords: Educational, CAI -Computer Assisted Instruction Operating System Index: VAX/VMS

July 23, 1984

new VAX-90

Vol. 12 Pilot Interpreters Patched for CP/M

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC

Memory Required: 64KB-128KB

The following is a brief description of the programs to be found on the diskette:

CATALOG.12	Contents of CP/M vol 12
GOLDI.PLT	Source program for ZPILOT
HIPILOT.PLT	Source program for ZPILOT
PILOT.ASM	Patched version of #7.2. See PILOT.DOC
PILOT.COM	See PILOT.DOC
PILOT.DOC	Description for CP/M implementation of PILOT
PILOT.TST	Source program for PILOT. Type "PILOT PILOT.TST"
	to run
PMON.ASM	CP/M interface used on PILOT.COM
WEIRD	WIERD.PLT re-coded for the PILOT.COM syntax for
	comparison purposes only.
WEIRD.PLT	Source program for ZPILOT
ZPILOT.COM	Object of ZPOLOT.Z80
ZOUKIT.Z80	ZILOG mnemonic source of a pilot interpreter. No
	doc!!

This package was developed on a 280 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Source may or may not be included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Interpreters Operating System Index: CP/M-80

June 11, 1984

Vol. 13 BASIC-E/CBASIC and Microsoft BASIC Programs & Games

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC

Memory Required: 54KB-128KB

The following is a brief description of the programs to be found on the diskette:

CATALOG.13	Contents of CP/M volume 13.
15/PUZ.ASC	Program in Microsoft BASIC.
1500.ASC	Program in Microsoft BASIC.
23MATCH.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
BAGELS.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
BIORYME.ASC	Program in Microsoft BASIC.
BLACKJACK.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
BULLSEYE.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
CHECKERS.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
CHIEF.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
CONVERT.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
DICE.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
KINGDOM.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
NFL.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
ROCKET.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
RUSSIAN.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
SWARMS.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
SWARMS2.ASC	Program in Microsoft BASIC.
TRAP.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
WUMPAS.BAS	Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC.
ZOS0.2	Review of Programs

This package was developed on a 280 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Sources may or may not be included. Documentation on magnetic media.

32

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: Games, Software Collections Operating System Index: CP/M-80 June 11, 1984

Vol. 14 Various CP/M Utilities

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC, ASSEMBLY

Memory Required: 54KB-128KB

The following is a brief description of the programs to be found on the diskette:

CATALOG.14 ARTICLE	Contents of CP/M volume 14. Text for SECTEST.BAS.
BDC-DRVR	Driver to convert ASCII to that funny reverse BCD used by IBM 2740 terminals.
DLDHI.ASM DLOAD.ASM	High portion of DLOAD - See DOC. Patches to put MITS 3.2 8K BASIC up on CP/M with
DLOAD.DOC	CSAVE/CLOAD to disk. Implementation notes for DLOAD and comments on MOVE, LIST32 and the use of MITS 8K BASIC vers
DUMP.COM DUMP.ASM DUMP.MAC	3.2 after patching. Running version of DUMP below, supplied as coded for TDL assembler (8080 OK). Fantastic disk viewer program. Can address
Donr . nac	files, CP/M groups or sectors directly, uses standard console output, and displays in DDT DUMP form with HEX and ASCII simultaneously.
LIST32.ASM	Program to recover ASCII file from internal storage MITS 3.2 form - see DLOAD.DOC.
MOVE.ASM	A PIP to transfer files without the problems of [CTL Z]'S in files with non-COM type names, such as BASIC-/CBASIC int files - see DLOAD.DOC.
PUT.ASM	Used to load a file at any memory address, and optionally start to run it. Useful for poking odd drivers and monitors into memory for those with no front panel.
REL1.ASM	Instructive re-construction of RELOC/CPM program. See RELHOW.DOC. Note that relocation table is not included.
REL256.COM	RELOC for INTEGER K-100H system.
REL512.COM	RELOC for INTEGER K-200H system.
REL768.COM	RELOC for INTEGER K-300H system.
RELHOW.DOC	Implementation notes for relocating CP/M version 1.3 at 100H increments instead of 400H as supplied.
SECTEST.BAS	CBASIC program for testing context comprehension and recall. Uses the ARTICLE file.

SECTEST.DOC	Instructions for SECTEST.BAS.
SEDY.ASM	Disk peeking program.
SEDY.COM	Compilation of SEDY.ASM written for TDL assembler
	(8080 OK) .

This package was developed on a 280 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Sources may or may not be included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: CP/M-80 -Utilities Operating System Index: CP/M-80

June 11, 1984

Vol. 15 Assemblers, other Utilities and FOCAL

Version: April 1984

Author: Various

Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation

Operating System: CP/M-80

Source Language: BASIC

Memory Required: 54KB-128KB

The following is a brief description of the programs to be found on the diskette:

CATALOG.15	Contents of CP/M group vol. 15
VOLUME16.DOC	Comments on certain programs
ASMX.COM	Assembler which recognizes Z-80 OPS
	See VOL.DOC [Careful: with correct syntax (ASMX
	FILENAME.AAA) This does work. With faulty syntax
	the program takes revenge on the disk directory.]
	Runs OK on 8080
COPYDSK.ASM	Disk copy program. See VOL.DOC
COPYDSK.MAC	As 15.2 for TDL Assembler
CPMUTIL.ASM	CP/M subroutines useful generally and employed as
	part of Z80ASM 16.17
EDIT.COM	Intel-like editor. Does LFB and -B much faster
	than ED.COM. See VOL.DOC
EDUCATOR . ASM	8080 instruction set tutor from byte of July 1975
FOCAL.ASM	FOCAL language interpreter. See VOL.DOC
MACASM.COM	MACRO assembler. See VOL.DOC
MOVDOWN . ASM	Program to load file which operates below 100H
SEEK.ASM	Set disk track from front panel during alignment
SPAT1.ASM	Rewrite of 1.29 to generalize console from
	original VDM dependancy
TASMIO.DOC	DOC for TASMIO patch to put TDL tape assembler up
	on CP/M
TASMIO.HEX	See TASMIO.DOC
TASMIO.MAC	See TASMIO.DOC
TESTIA.ASM	Successful test for Z80ASM 15.17
TEST2.ASM	Unsuccessful test for Z8ØASM 16.17
Z8ØASM.COM	ZILOG mnemonic assembler. Runs on 8080. See
	Z80DOC.DOC 15.18
Z80DOC.DOC	DOC for 16.17
Z80MAIN.ASM	See 15.17
Z800PCDS.ASM	See 16.17
Z80SUBS.ASM	See 16.17

This package was developed on a 280 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Source may or may not be included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: CP/M-80 -Utilities, Assemblers Operating System Index: CP/M-80

CPM-120 Vol. 20 - Basic-E/CBASIC Programs, Pictures Version: April 1984 Author: Various Submitted By: Digital Equipment Corporation Operating System: CP/M-80 Source Language: BASIC-E/CBASIC Memory Required: 64KB-128KB The following is a brief description of the programs on the diskette: CATALOG.20 Contents of CP/M Group Vol. 20 Our talented and modest reviewer pays tribute to a ZOS0.20 worthwhile set of submissions BLACKJAC.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See Z050.20 CIVILW.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See ZOSO.20 FOOTBALL.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See ZOSO.20 GOLF.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See ZOSO.20 GUNNER.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See ZOSO.20 Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See Z0S0.20 LUNAR1.BAS PINUP.PIC Picture PINUP1.PIC Picture POKER.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See ZOS0.20 SNOOPY.PIC Picture STARTREK.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See ZOSO.20 STMASTER.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See ZOSO.20 STMASTER.DOC See ZOS0.20 STRTRK/1.BAS Program in BASIC-E/CBASIC. See ZOS0.20 TREKINST See ZOS0.20 TWEETY.PIC Picture

This package was developed on a Z80 chip. It was not developed on a Digital Equipment Corporation personal computer. In some cases, the source code might make specific calls to the hardware which would require changes to the sources.

There are no quarantees that this software will run "AS IS" across the Rainbow, the DECmate II (with CP/M option), or the Professional-300 (with CP/M option), series of computers.

Sources may or may not be included. Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 5 1/4" Floppy Diskette (JA)

Keywords: CP/M - BASIC, Operating System Index: CP/M-80

new

GRADING: An Elementary School Teacher's Gradebook for the Rainbow Series

Version: V1.0, March 1984

Author: Robert A. Malseed, Albuquerque, NM

Operating System: CP/M-85/80 V1.0 (1.1)

Source Language: M-BASIC-85

Memory Required: 54KB

Other Software Required: M-BASIC-85 Interpreter

Special Hardware Required: Serial Printer - LA50 recommended

GRADING consists of two Microsoft MBASIC programs for the Rainbow 100 which are used to initialize and to maintain an elementary school teacher's gradebook. Up to 14 grades in seven subjects may be recorded for 24 students.

The Gradebook is initialized with the GRADINIT program and then the GRADING program is used to maintain the gradebook. The GRADING program is a menu driven program. Student names may be added, deleted, or changed. Test dates and scores may be entered and changed if necessary. Test scores must be numerical in the range of Ø to 100. An "A" for "absent" may be entered if a student did not take a particular test.

Summaries of student grades and class and student averages for each subject may be printed. In addition, a class report card with student overall averages may be printed.

Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): Write-Up and Listing (DA), 5 1/4 " Floppy Diskette (JA)

> Keywords: CPM-86 -Educational Operating System Index: CP/M-86

new 11-730

Steinmetz High School Card Reader Monitor

Version: V8.0, December 1983

Author: Francis W. Harsey, Jr., Steinmetz High School, Chicago, IL

Operating System: RSTS/E V7.0 or V8.0 required

Source Language: BASIC-PLUS

Memory Required: 15KB

Other Software Required: RSTS/E Batch processing and spooling package (OPSER, BATCH, QUEMAN, SPOOL, QUE), PSEUDO keyboard

Special Hardware Required: Card reader, line printer

The card reader monitor package is a package consisting of three files:

READER.BAS is a program which runs detached and monitors the card reader at 10 second intervals. In addition, READER.BAS includes 4 modes of processing: queueing of control files, creation of files anywhere on the system disk, listing of cards on the line printer, and a special feature which allows the user to disable the reader program for 50 seconds to allow the user to use the card reader for his/her own applications (I.E. 'PIP', 'RUN CR:', ETC.).

SENDER.BAS allows the system manager to communicate with the reader program while it is online to either shutdown the reader program, suspend the reader program for a period of time, change the message console, or resume reader operations after a suspend command was issued.

READER.DOC contains complete documentation necessary to use the package.

Restrictions: QUE program must be defined as a CCL command, (i.e. Run SUTILITY and then type: CCL QU-EUE=SQUE.*; PRIV 3000)

Documentation on magnetic media

Media (Service Charge Code): 500' magtape (MA)

Format: DOS-11

Keywords: RSTS/E -Utilities Operating System Index: RSTS/E

PLIBR: A Library Control Program

Version: V2.1, April 1984

Author: Thomas Leih, University of Wisconsin-Parkside, Kenosha, WI

Operating System: RSTS/E V7.0, 7.2, 8.0

Source Language: BASIC-PLUS

Memory Required: 15KW

PLIBR allows you to combine many (up to 31) small or large files into one library file. You have complete control to list, extract, delete, rename and replace entries in a library and to condense a library. This is especially useful with disks with large cluster sizes and/or many small files.

Restrictions: Files stored in a library loose all attributes and protection code information.

Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): Write-Up (AA), 600' Magtape (MA)

Format: DOS-11

Keywords: RSTS/E Libraries, Operating System Index: RSTS/E

June 25, 1984

new 11-733

new 11-734

ASCII Driven MENU for RSTS/E

Version: V1.0, April 1984

Author: Kevin Davidson, Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology, Terre Haute, IN

Operating System: RSTS/E V7.0

Source Language: BASIC-PLUS, BASIC-PLUS2

Memory Required: 128KB

Other Software Required: BASIC-PLUS or BASIC-PLUS II with ECHO control, RSX run-time system, ONLPAT

This is menu system which is driven from text option files. It is based upon the RSX run-time system menu patch where a program is executed upon entry of this modified RSX RTS (called MENU). Each option can be protected by a user specification. Any valid run command of CCL command can be executed from the menu prompt as long as it does not match a menu option. You can specify what line number to enter on and also put data in core common before the chain to another program.

The modification to the RSX run-time system is included.

Restrictions: Set up to run on VT-52 compatable terminals. You have to switch run-time systems to exit menu. On our system this is done through a LOGIN Command File used by the LOGIN Program.

Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): 500' Magtape (MA)

Format: DOS-11

Keywords: Tools -Applications Development, Menu Control Operating System Index: RSTS/E

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new 11-735

RSTS/E File List and Scan Utilities

Version: April 1984

Author: Susan M. Abercrombie, Ventrex Laboratories Inc., Portland, ME

Operating System: RSTS/E V7.2 or 8.0

Source Language: BASIC-11

Two utilities are supplied. SPLIST reformats source files for output by the system spooling package, with page headers identifying the files, and doing page feed to keep basic or bp? lines together. FLSCAN searches source files for lines containing matches for a specified string. The output may be to the terminal or to a disk file which optionally may be spooled. Included also is a patch file for the RSTS V8 SYSTAT program. With this patch you can do SY/W or SY/O with output limited by job number, keyboard, or account.

Note: Two programs are supplied with complete sources. In addition a patch file is supplied for the RSTS SYSTAT utility.

Restrictions: Will not run on V6C or earlier because wildcard account scan is used.

Documentation on magnetic media.

Media (Service Charge Code): Listing (BA) 500' Magtape (MA)

Format: DOS-11

Keywords: Tools -Applications Development, RSTS/E - Utilities, Spool Operating System Index: RSTS/E

June 25, 1984

new VAX-85

Bibliography System

Version: April 1984

Author: Tim Baird, Harding University, Searcy, AR

Submitted By: Stephen Baber, Harding University, Searcy, AR

Operating System: VAX/VMS V3.4

Source Language: VAX-11 BASIC

Memory Required: 290 pages working set

This program uses the index-sequential capabilities of VAX-11 BASIC to set up a cross-reference system for books, periodicals, etc. One application for use is to store the information on all books in a particular field that are owned by departmental faculty as well as the University's library. Inquiries can then be made by subject, author, reference, or title.

Documentation on magnetic media

Media (Service Charge Code): Write-up and Listing (DB), 500' Magtape (MA)

Format: VAX/ANSI (Blocked at 2048)

Keywords: Data Base Management Operating System Index: VAX/VMS

June 25, 1984



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10 20 30 Block Print Program PAGE 1



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EXTE	ND
DIM	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(256%)
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(0%) = "NUL"
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(1%) = "SOH"
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(2%) = "STX"
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(3%) = *^C *
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(4%) = "EOT"
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(5%) = "ENQ"
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(6%) = ACK
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR(7%) = ^G$
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR(8%) = BS$
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR(9%) = "HT"$
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR(10%) = "LF"$
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR(11%) = VT$
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR(12%) = FF$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(13%) = "CR"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(14%) = "SO "
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(15%) = "^0 "
	Y_FOR_CHAR(16%) = "DLE"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(17%) = "^Q"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(18%) = "DC2"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(19%) = *^S *
ARRA	Y_FOR_CHAR(20%) = *DC4*$
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(21%) = NAK
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(22%) = "SYN"
	Y_FOR_CHAR(23%) = "ETB"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(24%) = "CAN"
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(25%) = "EM "
	Y_FOR_CHAR(26%) = *^7Z$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(27%) = "ESC"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(28%) = *FS *$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(29%) = "GS "$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(30%) = *RS *$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(31%) = US *$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(32%) = "SP "$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(I%) = CHR$(I%) FOR I% = 33% TO 126%$
	Y_FOR_CHAR(127%) = "DEL"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 0%) = "NUL"
	Y_FOR_CHAR(128 + 1%) = "SOH"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 2%) = "STX"
	Y_FOR_CHAR(128 + 3%) = "C"$
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 4%) = EOT Y_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 5%) = ENQ
	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 6%) = "ACK" Y_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 7%) = "^G "
	Y_FOR_CHAR(128 + 7%) = "BS"$
AKKA	Y_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 12%) = "FF "



45



Block Print Program PAGE 2

ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 13%) = "CR "

BASIC SIG

	$\frac{1}{10}$
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 14%) = "S0 "
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 15%) = *^0 *
	$ARRAY_FOR_CHAR$(128 + 16%) = "DLE"$
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 17%) = "Q
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 18%) = "DC2"
	$ARRAY_FOR_CHAR$(128 + 19%) = *^{5} =$
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 20%) = "DC4"
	$ARRAY_FOR_CHAR$(128 + 22\%) = "SYN"$
	$ARRAY_FOR_CHAR$(128 + 23%) = ETB$
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 24%) = "CAN"
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 25%) = "EM "
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 26%) = ^7Z
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 27%) = "ESC"
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 28%) = "FS "
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 29%) = "GS "
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 30%) = "RS "
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 31%) = "US "
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 32%) = "SP "
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 1%) = CHR\$(1%) FOR 1% = 33% TO 126%
	ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(128 + 127%) = "DEL"
1000	PROGRAM TO PRINT DISK FILES IN ASCII BINARY FORMAT
1010	SELECTIVE BY BLOCK
1010	: SELECTIVE BI BLUCK
1020	ON ERROR GOTO 32000
1030	PRINT "ENTER FILE NAME E <cr> TO EXIT]";</cr>
1040	
	INPUT LINE F\$
1050	F = LEFT(F\$,LEN(F\$)-2%)
	GOTO 32000 IF F\$ = "
1060	DIM TED\$ (16)
4.070	
1070	INPUT "OUTPUT DEVICE <kb:>";P\$</kb:>
1080	IF P = "" THEN P = "KB:"
1090	INPUT MODIFY MODE <no> ;Y\$</no>
1100	IF Y\$ <> "YES" GOTO 1150
1110	INPUT "INPUT BLOCK TO MODIFY E <cr> TO EXIT] ";B%</cr>
	GOTO 32000 IF B% = 0%
1120	INPUT "DO YOU WANT IT PRINTED <yes> "#L\$</yes>
1130	S% = B%
1130	$E^{\prime}_{X} = B^{\prime}_{X}$
1140	
1140	GOTO 1160
4450	
1150	INPUT "STARTING BLOCK NUMBER E <cr> TO EXIT] ";S%</cr>
	GOTO 32000 IF $S_{x}^{x} = 0_{x}^{x}$
	INPUT 'ENDING BLOCK NUMBER ';EZ
	46





Block Print Program PAGE 3



OPEN P\$ FOR OUTPUT AS FILE 10% 1160 1170 OPEN F\$ FOR INPUT AS FILE 1%, MODE 4096% IF Y\$ <> "YES" 1180 OPEN F\$ FOR INPUT AS FILE 1%, MODE 1% IF Y\$ = "YES" 1190 GET #1%, RECORD S% 1200 IF L\$ = "NO" THEN 1300% 1210 FOR XX = 0% TO 31% 1220 FOR X1%= 0% TO 15% 1230 FIELD #1%,(X%*16+X1%) AS TED\$, 1% AS TED\$ (X1%) 1240 NEXT X17 1250 S1% = X% 16% 1%1260 PRINT #10% USING ****** *** *,S%,S1%; PRINT #10% USING * ###* , X1%; FOR X1% = S1%-15% TO S1% 1270 PRINT #10% PRINT #10%, TAB(11%); PRINT #10% USING * ###* ASCII(TED\$ (X1%)); FOR X1% = 0% TO 14% PRINT #10% USING * ###* , ASCII(TED\$ (15)) PRINT #10%, TAB(14%); PRINT #10% USING \\ \ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(ASCII(TED\$ (X1%))); & FOR X1% = 0% TO 14% PRINT #10% USING '\ \', ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(ASCII(TED\$ (15%))) PRINT #10% 1290 NEXT X% 1300 IF Y\$ = "YES" GOTO 1340 1310 S7 = S7 + 171320 IF S% <= E% GOTO 1190 IF Y\$ <> "YES" GOTO 1490 1330 1340 INPUT "ENTER BYTE NUMBER TO CHANGE (<513) # # A% 1350 IF A% < 0% OR A% > 512% GOTO 1340 1360 FIELD #1%, (A%-1%) AS TEDDY\$, 1% AS BEAR\$ 1370 BEAR% = ASCII(BEAR\$) 1380 PRINT "THE VALUE YOU ARE ABOUT TO CHANGE = ";BEAR%; PRINT 'CHARACTER = ';ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(BEAR%) 1390 INFUT "ENTER NEW VALUE (<257)*#V% 1400 IF V% < 0% OR V% > 256% GOTO 1390 1405 PRINT "CHARACTER ";ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(BEAR%); WILL BE CHANGED TO CHARACTER "; & ARRAY_FOR_CHAR\$(V%) 1410 INPUT 'DO YOU WANT IT CHANGED ? <NO> ;Y1\$ 1420 IF Y1\$ <> "YES" GOTO 1470 LSET BEAR\$ = CHR\$(V%) 1430 1440 PUT #1%, RECORD S% PRINT BLOCK ";S%; MODIFIED " 1450 1460 GOTO 1090 PRINT 'NO MODIFICATION MADE' 1470 1480 GOTO 1110 1490 CLOSE 1% CLOSE 10% 1500 1510 GOTO 1150





Block Print Program PAGE 4



32000 CLOSE IX FOR IX = 1% TO 12% 32767 END





48



BP2 Program to Batch PAGE 1



1 !>>PROGRAM : COMBP2.BAS 1 DATE : 24-AUG-80 ! PROGRAMMER : TED A. BEAR ! DESCRIPTION: EXTEND 4 25 P9\$ = "COMBP2" P8\$ = "BASIC PLUS-2 COMPILER BATCH " ON ERROR GOTO 32000 Z\$=SYS(CHR\$(6%)+CHR\$(-7%)) N\$="" L\$=CHR\$(13%)+CHR\$(10%) KB/=12/ E05%=-1% EOL%=-2% 1>>PROGRAM NAME I TRAP ERRORS ENABLE CC TE P N\$=NULL STRING ! L\$=<CR><LF> 1 KBZ=KEYBOARD CHANNEL ! EOS%=CLEAR TO EOS ! EOL%=CLEAR TO EOL 30 OPEN 'KB: AS FILE KB% X3%=1% V%=95% !>>OPEN KEYBOARD FOR INPUT ! CURSOR POSITIONING ! PAINT CHARACTER=UNDERSCORE 90 PRINT #KBZ, L\$; FNV\$(1%,1%,N\$,EOS%,V%); FNV\$(1%,1%,P8\$+* +DATE\$(D9%)+* +TIME\$(0%),0%,V%) **!>>PRINT THE BANNER** RETURN IF BACK_FROM_QUEUE% 100 1000 INPUT 'PROGRAM NAME KWITHOUT .5252 'FROGRAM. MAME INPUT 'BATCH QUE •;EQ\$ GOTO 32767% IF FROGRAM.NAME\$ = '/E' OPEN PROGRAM.NAME\$ + .CTL FOR OUTPUT AS FILE 1% 1010 FRINT #1% *\$JOB/CCL/NOLIMIT* PRINT #1% BP2* PRINT #1% *OLD * + PROGRAM.NAME\$ PRINT 41% "COMP" FRINT \$1% "EXIT" PRINT #1% TKB + PROGRAM.NAME\$ + '=' + PROGRAM.NAME\$ + ',LB;BP20TS/LB' PRINT #1% *\$EOD* PRINT #1% *\$EOJ* 1020 CLOSE I% FOR I% = 1% TO 12%



49





BP2 Program to Batch PAGE 3



32000 !>> ERROR TRAPS

32700 PRINT L\$; "?UNFORESEEN ERROR DETECTED IN "; P9\$ & \ ON ERROR GO TO 0 &

! ERRORS END HERE

32760 CLOSE Z% FOR Z% = 1% TO 12% &

! EXIT THRU HERE & ! CLOSE EVERYTHING

32767 END



BASIC MAGIC





9320	!************************************
	DEF FN_QUE\$ (Z\$,Z1\$,Z%,Z1%,Z2\$)
	Z\$ = SYS(CHR\$ (8%)+Z1\$+CHR\$ (13%)+CVT%\$ (Z%) & +"Q "+Z2\$+"/PR:64 = "+Z\$+"/DE/CO:"+EDIT\$ (NUM\$ (Z1%),2%))
	CHAIN "\$QUE" LINE 31000%
9330	FNEND
10000	!#####################################
	DEF FN_INPUT\$ (ZO\$) FN_INPUT\$ = N\$ ERR.OR% = 0% B_SLASH% = -1% !* B_SLASH% IS TURNED OFF !* UNLESS \ IS ENTERED
10010	PRINT #12%, Z0\$; INPUT LINE #12%, Z1\$ Z1\$ = EDIT\$ (Z1\$,E9%) GDTO 10040 IF Z1\$ = "\" !* PROMPT FOR AND RETURN INPUT
10020	Z% = INSTR(1%,Z1\$,CHR\$ (8%)) IF Z% = 0% THEN FN_INFUT\$ = Z1\$ ELSE Z1\$ = LEFT(Z1\$,Z% -2%)+RIGHT(Z1\$,Z%+1%)
	GOTO 10020
10030	B_SLASHZ = 0Z !* \ WASN'T ENTERED
10040	FNEND
10090	!*************************************



52





Z%,T1% = INSTR(1%,Z0\$,Z1\$) Z% = LEN(Z0\$)+1% UNLESS Z% FN_SPLIT\$ = LEFT(Z0\$,Z% -1%) 2ND_HALF\$ = RIGHT(Z0\$,Z%+LEN(Z1\$))

10110 FNEND

10160	***************************************		
	!**	PARSE COMMON CORE	**
	!**	";" IS THE DELIMITER	**
	!*****	***************************************	(米米

DEF FN_COMMOM%(Z\$)

08\$,09\$ = Z\$ Z1\$,Z2\$,Z3\$ = N\$ Z5\$ = ";"

10170 Z1\$ = FN_SPLIT\$ (SYS(CHR\$ (7%)),Z5\$) FN_COMMOM% = T1% IF T1% = 0% THEN Z1\$ = N\$ ELSE Z2\$ = FN_SPLIT\$ (2ND_HALF\$,Z5\$) Z3\$ = FN_SPLIT\$ (2ND_HALF\$,Z5\$)

- 10180 06\$ = Z1\$ 09\$ = Z2\$ IF LEN(Z2\$) 08\$ = Z3\$ IF LEN(Z3\$) 07\$ = EDIT\$ (2ND_HALF\$,128%)
- 10190 FNEND

DEF FN_ROUND (Z,Z%) = FIX (ABS (Z) * 10, ** Z% +.5)/10, ** Z% * SGN(Z)

DEF FN_REMAINDER%(Z1%,Z2%) = Z1% - (Z1%/Z2%) * Z2%

10330	!*****	*************	*****
	!**	STRING CENTERER	**
	!*****	**************	*****







DEF FN_CENTER\$ (Z\$,Z%)

Z\$ = LEFT(Z\$,Z%) IF LEN(Z\$) > Z% Z1% = (Z% - LEN(Z\$))/2%

10340 FN_CENTER\$ = SPACE\$ (Z1%) + Z\$ + SPACE\$ (Z% - Z1% - LEN(Z\$))

10350 FNEND

DEF FN_DATE%(Z\$)

ON ERROR GOTO 10405

- 10365 IF Z\$ = '00-XXX-00' THEN' Z8% = -1% G0T0 10400
- 10370 GOTO 10410 IF Z4% * Z5% = 0% Z6% = VAL (RIGHT (Z\$, Z5% + 1%)) - 70% GOTO 10410 IF Z6% < 0% OR Z6% > 29% Z6% = Z6%*1000% IF INSTR(1%, "SOND", EDIT\$ (MID(Z\$,Z4%+1%,1%),32%)) THEN Z6% = Z6% + 243% END IF

10380 IF Z5Z - Z4X < 4% THEN Z7X = VAL (LEFT (Z\$, Z4X - 1%)) GOTO 10410 IF Z7X < 1% OR Z7% > 12% Z\$ = MID (Z\$, Z4X + 1%, Z5% - Z4%) \$ + RIGHT (DATE\$ ((Z7% - 1%) * 31% + 1%+Z6%),4%) Z6Z = Z6X + (Z7% - 1%) * 29%

10390 Z\$ = EDIT\$ (Z\$,34%) Z\$ = "0" + Z\$ IF INSTR(1%,Z\$,"-") = 2% GOTO 10400 IF Z\$ = EDIT\$ (DATE\$ (Z8%),32%) & FOR Z8% = Z6% + 1% TO Z6% + 366% GOTO 10410



54





10400

ERR.OR% = 0% FN_DATE% = 28% GOTO 10410

- 10405 IF ERL> = 10360% AND ERL< = 10400% THEN RESUME 10410 & !* FN_DATE% ERROR 10410 FNEND

DEF FN_DATE_1% = SWAP%(CVT\$%(RIGHT(SYS(CHR\$ (6%)+CHR\$ (-3%)),11%))) &

DEF FN_JOB% = ASCII(SYS(CHR\$ (6%)+CHR\$ (-3%)))/2% &

DEF FN_DATE_3%(Z1%,Z2%)

IF Z2% < Z1% THEN FN_DATE_3% = - FN_DATE_3% (Z2%,Z1%) GOTO 10530 END IF

!* Z1% = 1ST DATE !* Z2% = 2ND DATE !* FN_DATE_3% > 0 IF Z1% < Z2%

10510 ERR.OR%,FN_DATE_3% = 0% Z3% = 1970% { 21%,1000% Z4% = 1970% + Z2%/1000% Z7% = (Z4% - Z3%) * 365% + FN_REMAINDER% (Z2%,1000%) & - FN_REMAINDER% (Z2%,1000%) & 10520 Z7% = Z7% + 1% & IF EDIT\$ (LEFT(DATE\$ ((Z5% - 1970%) * 1000% & +60%),6%),32%) = *29-FEB* & FOR Z5% = Z3% TO Z4% -1% &

IF Z3%<Z4%

 $FN_DATE_37 = Z77$

FNEND

10530







		DATE ADDER *****************************	******	** ********
	DEF FN_	DATE_27(Z1%,Z2%)		
		FN_DATE_2% = -1% ERR.OR% = 1%		
10550		60T0 10600 IF Z1% < 0% 60T0 10595 IF Z2% = 0%	• CUECK	PARAMETER VALUE
10560		Z4% = Z1%/1000% -70% Z4% = Z4% - Z4%/4% * 4% IF Z4% = -3% AND Z2% < 0% Z4% = 0% ELSE Z4% = -1% UNLESS %	THEN	
			L-1/4 - V/4	, HRD L2A / VA
10565		Z5% = Z2% Z5% = SGN(Z2%) * (366%+Z4% Z2% = Z2% - Z5%	%) IF (9	GN(Z2%)*Z5%) > 366%+Z4%
10570		i:	* Z2% =	O IF A LEAF YEAR AMOUNT TO ADD OR SUBTRACT 'EAR AT A TIME)
10580		Z3% = Z1% + Z5% GDTO 10600 IF Z3% > 29365 Z6% = Z3% - Z3%/1000% * 1		1 < 0X
10585			((SGN(ZS D(Z6% =	5%) < 0%) & 0% DR Z6%>366%+Z4%)) THEN
				* ADD OR SUBTRACT THE DAYS * TEST FOR YEAR OVERFLOW
10590		Z1% = Z3% GOTO 10560 IF Z2%	0	* RESET START DATE !* BACK TO ADD OR SUBIRG: 7 !* SOME MORE
10595		FN_DATE_2% = Z1% ERR.OR% = 0%		* FN_DATE_2% = RESULTANT DATE * INTEGER * NO ERRORS WERE MADE
10600		FNEND		

56





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!**

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11500

PDP Functions PAGE 6

POSITION TO (X,Y)

PROMPT WITH Z\$

CLEAR TO END OF LINE



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**

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	DEF FN_	INPUT_3\$ (X%,Y%,Z\$)	
		Z% = FN_SCREEN_1% (X%,Y%,-2%) FN_INPUT_3\$ = FN_INPUT\$ (Z\$) X% = FN_SCREEN_3% (N\$,0%) IF(E3% AND 512%) X% = FN_SCREEN_3% (N\$,1%) IF(E3% AND 1024%) E3% = E3% AND 255%	
11505		FNEND	
11520	!** !** !** !*****	************************************	t (
		Z\$ = FN_INPUT_2\$ (X%,Y%) IF LEN(Z\$)>Z9% THEN Z% = FN_SCREEN_3% ("TOO LONG BY" + NUM\$ (LEN(Z\$)- + "CHARS",1%) GOTO 11520 END IF	· Z9%)&
11525		FN_INPUT_4\$ = Z\$ + N\$ FNEND	
11530	!** !** !** !** !**	************************************	K K K
	PRINT C	SCREEN_1% (X%, Y%, Z%) HR\$(155%) + "E" + NUM1\$(Y%) + ";" + NUM1\$(X%) + "H"; & IF X% + Y% > 0% -1% THEN PRINT CHR\$(155%) + "E0J"; IF Z% = -2% THEN PRINT CHR\$(155%) + "E0K";	
11540	FNEND	BASIC MAGIC	







11530 1** FN_SCREEN_1% - POSITION CURSOR ON VT52 ** 1** AND OPTIONALLY CLEAR SCREEN ** -1% TO CLEAR TO END OF SCREEN ** !** Z% = -2% TO CLEAR TO END OF LINE 1 ** ** DEF FN_SCREEN_1%(X%,Y%,Z%) Z1\$ = CHR\$ (159%+Y%)+CHR\$ (159%+X%)PRINT CHR\$ (13%);CHR\$ (155%); Y*;Z1\$; Z1\$ = CHR\$ (155%)PRINT Z1\$;"J"; IF $Z_{1}^{\prime} = -17^{\prime}$ IF $Z_{1}^{\prime} = -2^{\prime}_{1}$ PRINT Z1\$;*K*; !* 0 = CLEAR TO EOS!*2 = CLEAR TO EOLFNEND 11540 11550 1** FN_SCREEN_2% - DISPLAY OUTPUT ** Z% - 0% ATTIBUTES OFF ** 1** !** 1% BOLD OR INCREASED INTENSITY ** !** 4% UNDERSCORE ** 1** 5% BLINK ** NEGATIVE (REVERSE) IMAGE ** 1 ** 7% ** VT100 1** DEF FN_SCREEN_2% (Z\$, X%, Y%, Z%) $TZ = FN_SCREEN_1Z (XZ, YZ, 0Z)$ PRINT CHR\$(155%) + "E" + NUM1\$(Z%) + "m"; IF Z% PRINT Z\$; PRINT CHR\$(155%) + *EOm*; IF Z% 11555 FNEND 11550 ** POSITION TO (X,Y) 1** ** !** AND PRINT Z\$; ** 1** VT52 DEF FN_SCREEN_2%(X%,Y%,Z\$) FN_SCREEN_2% = FN_SCREEN_1% (X%,Y%,0%) PRINT Z\$;



58





11555 FNEND

11560 !** CENTER Z\$ ** ! ** POSITION TO APPROPRIATE LINE ** !** PRINT A BELL AND THE MESSAGE ** DEF FN_SCREEN_3% (Z\$,Z1%) $Z'_{X} = 80%$ Z\$ = LEFT (Z\$,Z% -4%) IF LEN (Z\$) > Z% -4% Z% = Z% - LEN(Z\$) IF LEN(Z\$) ZX = 2X IF ZX < 2XZ\$ = CHR\$ (7%) + Z\$ IF LEN(Z\$) E3% = E3% OR (512%*(21%+1%))

> Z1% = 23% + Z1%7% = EN SCREEN 1

Z% = FN_SCREEN_1% (1%,Z1%,-2%) + & FN_SCREEN_2% (2%/2%, Z1%, Z\$) FNEND

11570







1	! VTSPY.B2S ! A program to look at account action
100	!
	! Map Statements
	Map Name Description
110	<pre>Map (DETAIL) D.Job\$ = 3% !Job Number & D.Sp1\$ = 1% !Filler & D.Sp1\$ = 4% !Project number & D.Prj\$ = 4% !Project number & D.Con\$ = 1% !Comma & D.Prj\$ = 4% !Programmer & D.Sp2\$ = 1% !Filler & D.Sp2\$ = 1% !Filler & D.Sp3\$ = 1% !Filler & D.Sp3\$ = 1% !Filler & D.Sp4\$ = 1% !Filler & D.Sp5\$ = 1% !Filler & D.S</pre>
120	, D.Bpm\$ = 8% !Flags Map (DETAIL) D.All\$ = 79% !Whole Line
130	Map (PLINE) Line\$(15%) = 79%
140	Map (PLINE) Line.All\$ = 1184%
150	Map (POLD) Line.Old\$(15%) = 79%
160	Map (POLD) Line.Old.All\$ = 1184%
200	j
	! Dimension Statements
210	Dim Mon.Tab%(30%), Web%(15%), Feb%(15%), Word%(30%)
220	Dim Sizze(100%,12%)
1000	! 60







! Get Parameters / Setup.

1010	On Error Goto 32000
	Trap\$ = Sys(Chr\$(6%) + Chr\$(-7%))
	Print If CCPos(0%)
	<pre>Print "VTSPY"; Chr\$(9%); "V7.06";</pre>
	Chr\$(9%); Fne\$(0%); * ;
	Date\$(0%); * ; Time\$(0%)

- 1030 Print Input "Interval......<5>";Interval% Interval% = Abs(Interval%) Interval% = 5% If Interval% = 0%
- 1050 Line.All\$ = ** Line.Old.All\$ = ** Besin% = -1% Sec = Time(0%)

2000 ! ! Program Starts Here !

- 2005 Start% = -1%
- 2010 Open "KB:" as file #2%, Mode 8%
- 2011 A\$ = Sys(Chr\$(3%) + Chr\$(2%))
- 2012 Open *KB:* for output as File \$1%
 2015 A% = FnMon.Tab%
 A% = FnDev.Name%
 Pen% = FnPen%(FnJob.Num%)
- 2020 Scr% = Fnclear(1%,Term%)

2030 If Sizze <> Size.Old or Start% Then Top\$ = "Display of all Open Files Containing * + % Num1\$(Sizze) + * or More Segments* Dif% = Int((79 - Len(Top\$)) / 2) Top\$ = Space\$(Dif%) + Top\$ + Space\$(Dif%) Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,1%,0%,Top\$) Size.Old = Sizze

61

Error Trapping

More &

Done

!Do <CR> <LF>
!Title Line %

!

ł





2035

Account Status Program PAGE 3

If Priv.Mask% <> Priv.Old% Then



Priv.Old% = Priv.Mask% 2040 If Start% Then Hdr\$ = 'Job Who Where What C# File Spec" & + • Block Of Bl/Min* Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,4%,0%,Hdr\$) Start/ = 0/2041 Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,3%,0%, Working...) 2045 $Cnt\chi = 0\chi$ 2050 For I% = Job% + 1% to Max.Jb% Goto 2100 Unless FnLossed.In%(I%). Goto 2100 If Priv.Mask% And (FnMatch%(FnPen%(I%),Priv.Mask%) = 0%) If (Swap%(Ppn%) And 255%) <> 1% & And (Swap/(FnPen/(I/)) And 255/) = 1/ Then Goto 2100 D.A11\$ = Space\$(80%) 2060 Iob/ = FnIob/(I/)Flag% = -1%For $J_{1}^{\prime} = 1$ % to 12% D.Rec\$ = Space\$(7%)D.Siz = Space\$(7%) D.Bem = Space (8%) Base% = Peek(Iob% + 2% * J%) Goto 2090 Unless Base% Idx/ = Feek(Base/) And 255% If Idx% Then Goto 2090 Else Gosub 10100 Sizze(I%,J%) = R.Size If Sizze(I%,J%) = 0 3 Or R.Size < Sizze(IZ,JZ) 2070 Goto 2090 If F.Size < Sizze If Flag% Then D.Jobt = Stringt(3%-Len(Num1\$(I%)),32%)+Num1\$(I%) D.Com\$ = ', $B_{PPn} = FnPpn(IX)$ D.Wht\$ = FnLow.Case\$(FnJob.Name\$(I%)) Ddb% = Peek(Iob%) Ttint% = Peek(Ddb% + 30%) Dds% = Peek(Ddb% + 2%) D.Whr\$ = "Det" F1ag% = 0%If ((Dds% And 255%) = 1% * 2%) & 62 BASIC MAGIC





And (Peek(Ddb% + 6%) And 8192% <> 0%) Then D.Whr\$ = Fnconsole.Kb\$(I%) D.Whr\$ = FnLow.Case\$(D.Whr\$) D.Whr\$ = Cvt\$\$(D.Whr\$,128%) + *** & If Ttint% And 16384% End If 2075 Goto 2100 If Detach% And D.Whr\$ = "Det" Rset D.Chn\$ = Num1\$(J%) Bpm = (R.Size - Sizze(I%,J%)) * (60 / (Time(0%) - Sec)) & Unless Besin% Temp\$=Num1\$(Int((Bpm-Int(Bpm)+.005)*100.)) Temp\$=Num1\$(Int(Bpm))+*.*+Temp\$+String\$(2%-Len(Temp\$),48%) D.Brm\$ = String\$(8%-Len(Temp\$),32%)+Temp\$ $Cnt \chi = Cnt \chi + 1 \chi$ Line\$(Cnt%) = D.All\$ 2080 If Cnt% > 14% Then $J_{1}^{\prime} = 12\%$ I/ = Max.Jo/ 2090 Next J% 2100 Next I% 2110 Besin/ = 0/ If Time(0/) - Sec > 0 3000 ! ł Do Printout Here ł ١ 3010 For I% = 0% to Cnt% If Line\$(I%) <> Line.01d\$(I%) Then Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,I% + 4%,0%,Line\$(I%)) Line.Old(IX) = Line (IX)3011 Next I% $I_{1}^{\prime\prime} = I_{1}^{\prime\prime} + 1_{1}^{\prime\prime}$ 3012 Goto 3040 If I% > 15% 3030 If Line.Old\$(I%) \bigcirc " Then Line.01d\$(I%) = ** Ser% = Fneursor(1%,Term%,I% + 4%,1%) If Term% Print #1% If Term% I' = I' + 1'Goto 3030 Unless I% > 15%

3035 If Term% = 0% Then





BASIC MAGIC





```
Scr% = Fncursor(1%,Term%,Cnt% + 5%,1%)
                Print #1%, Chr$(155%);*J*
3040
        If Job% Then
                Mess$ = ***** Skipping First * + Num1$(Job%) + * Jobs *****
                Y% = Int((80 - Len(Mess$)) / 2)
                Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,2%,Y%,Mess$)
                Sleep 4
                Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,2%,Y%,Space$(Len(Mess$)))
3050
        Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,3%,0%,Space$(10%))
        Scr% = Fncursor(1%,Term%,3%,0%)
4000
          Wait For Input ..... If Any
        ł
        ł
        1
        I
4010
        Sleep Interval% - 1%
4020
        Wait 1%
        Get #2%
        Gosub 10200
4030
        Far$ = Cvt$$(Inp$,-1%)
        Goto 2020 If Part = ** And Start%
        Goto 2030 If Fart = **
4040
        If Left(Par$,1%) = "I" Then
                Interval% = Val(Right(Far$,2%))
                Goto 4110
4050
        If Left(Par$,1%) = 'J' Then
                Job% = Val(Eight(Par$,2%))
                JobZ = Max.JbZ - 1% If JobZ > Max.JbZ - 1%
                Goto 4110
4060
        If Left(Part+1%) = "S" Then
                Sizze = Abe(Int(Val(Right(Par$,2%))))
                Goto 4110
4070
        If Part = "A" Then
                DetachX = -1X
                Goto 4110
4080
       If Far$ = "D" Then
                Detach% = 0%
                Goto 4110
```



64





4090 If Left(Par\$,1%) = "A" Then Acct\$ = Risht(Par\$,2%) Lbr% = Instr(1%,Acct\$,*(*) Com% = Instr(1%,Acct\$,*,*) Rbr% = Instr(1%,Acct\$,*)*) Rbr% = Len(Acct\$) + 1% If Rbr% = 0% Prj% = Val(Ses\$(Acct\$,Lbr% + 1%,Com% - 1%)) Prs\$ = Ses\$(Acct\$,Com% + 1%,Rbr% - 1%) Priv.Mask% = Swap%(Prj%) + 255% If Prg\$ = ** Priv.Mask% = Swap%(Prj%) + Val(Prs\$) If Prs\$ <> ** Goto 4110 Unless Prj% = 1% And (Swap%(Ppn%) And 255%) <> 1% Er.\$ = '[Not a Chance...]' Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,23%,1%,Er.\$) Sleep 3 Scr% = Fnerint%(1%,Term%,23%,1%,Space\$(19%)) Priv.Mask% = Priv.Old% Goto 2030 4095 If Instr(1%, EXIT , Par\$) = 1% Then Scr% = Fnclear (1%, Term%) Close 1,2 Goto 32767 End If If Instr(1%, "HELF", Far\$) = 1% or Par\$ = "?" Then Gosub 4200 Sleep 20 Start% = -1% Line,All\$ = "" Line.Old.All\$ =** Goto 4020 4100 Er.\$ = "[Unrecognized Command - " + Inp\$ + "...]" Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,23%,1%,Er,\$) Sleep 3 Scr% = Fnprint%(1%,Term%,23%,1%,Space\$(Len(Er,\$))) Goto 2030 4110 Goto 2020 If Start% Goto 2030 4200 Scr/ = Fnclear(1/,Term/) Print #1%, Tab(28%); FILE STATUS VIDEO DISPLAY Print #1%, Tab(28%); -----Print #1%, For 1% = 1% to 3% Print #1%, "LEGAL INPUT:" Frint #1% Print #1%, In - CHANGES INTERVAL TO n SECONDS" Print #1%, 'Jn - IGNORES FIRST n JOBS* Print #1%, 'Sn - IGNORES FILES LESS THAN n BLOCKS" Print #1%, "A - IGNORES DETACHED JOBS"

65







Print #1%, D - REENABLES DETACHED JOBS" Print #1%, APPN - DISPLAYS ONLY ACCOUNT #PPN! Print #1%, "A0,0 - TURNS OFF ACCOUNT LOOKUP" Return 10000 1 ! Prosrammer Defined 1 Routines / Functions 10001! Programmer Defined Subroutines ! 10100! What We Have Here Is A WCB That Points To A FCB Dept. 1 10110 AX = FnWcb, Decode/(Base%) A% = FnFcb.Decode%(Wcb.Fcb% - 28%) R.Size = ((256, * 256,) * Web.Msb%) + (256, * Web.Nsb%) + Web.Lsb% Temp\$ = Num1\$(Int(R.Size)) Temp\$ = Left(Temp\$,Len(Temp\$)-3%)+*,*+Right(Temp\$,Len(Temp\$)-2%) & If Len(Temp\$)>3% D.Rec\$ = String\$(7%-Len(Temp\$),32%)+Temp\$ 10120 F.Size = ((256, * 256,) * Fcb.Msb/) + (256, * Fcb.Nsb/) + Fcb.Lsb/ Temp\$ = Num1\$(Int(F.Size)) Temps = Left(Temps;Len(Temps)-3%)+*,*+Risht(Temps;Len(Temps)-2%) & If Len(Temp\$)>3% D.Siz\$ = Strins\$(7%-Len(Temp\$),32%)+Temp\$ 10140 Bevice\$ = Mid(Bev.Nme\$,(Fcb.Unt% * 3% + 1%),3%) + *:* Device\$ = FnLow.Case\$(Device\$) D.Fils = Devices + FnPpn1\$(Fcb.Ppn%) + Fcb.Fils Return 10200 H ! Field the Input 1 ļ ۱ 10210 If Recount = 1% Then Field #2%, 1% as Term\$ Else Field #2%, Recount - 2% as Inp\$, 2% as Term\$ 10220 If Ascii(Term\$) = 3% Then Scr% = Fnclear(1%,Term%) Close 1 66







Goto 32767

10230 Return 15000! Programmer Defined Functions 1 15005! Return An Error Messade 15010 Def Fne\$(E%) = Right(Sys(Chr\$(6%) + Print an error & Chr\$(9%) + ! message & Chr\$(E%)),3%) !Done 15100! Function To Setup Monitor Tables In Array Mon, Tab% 1 15110 Def FnMon.Tab% !Here We Go Chanse Sys(Chr\$(6%)+Chr\$(-3%)) To Mon.Tab% Max.Kb% = Mon.Tab%(3%)Max.Jb% = Mon.Tab%(4%)Dev.Cn = FnSwp(5/)Dev.Pt = FnSwp%(7%) $Mem_{\star}Ls% = FnSwp%(9%)$ Job.Tb% = FnSwp%(11%) Job.St% = FnSwp%(13%)Job.Wt% = FnSwp%(15%)Unt.Cl% = Fnswp%(17%) Unt.Cn% = FnSwp%(19%) Sat.Ct = FnSwp (21/) Jsb_Tb = FnSwp (23%) Sat.Cm% = FnSwp%(25%) 15120 Chanse Sys(Chr\$(6%)+Chr\$(-12%)) To Mon.Tab% $Fre_Es% = FnSwp%(-3%)$ Dev.Nm = FnSwp%(5%) Csr.Tb/ = FnSwr/(7/)Dev.Kb = FnSwp%(9%) Tty.He% = FnSup%(11%) $Job_{\bullet}Ct\% = FrSup\%(13\%)$ Rts.Lt% = FnSwp%(15%)Erl.Ct% = FnSwp%(17%)Snd.Ls% = FnSwp%(19%)Los.Nm% = FnSwp%(21%) Dev.Sy% = FnSwp%(23%) $Mem \cdot Sz = FnSwp (25%)$ Ccl.Lt% = FnSwp%(27%)Fnend 15150! Function To Do The Swar% For Above 1







15160 Def FnSwp%(X%) = Mon.Tab%(X%) + Swap%(Mon.Tab%(X%+1%)) 15200! Function To Return Our Job Number . Į. 15210 Def FnJob.Num% = (Peek(518%) And 255%) / 2% 15225! Function To Return Address Of JDB For Job X% I 15230 Def FnJdb%(X%) = Peek(Job.Tb% + 2% * X%) 15350! Function To Return Address Of JDB2 For Job XX 1 15360 Def FnJdb2%(X%) = Peek(FnJdb%(X%) + 8%) 15375! Function To Return PPN For Job X% 1 15380 Def FnFpn/(X/) = Peek(FnJdb2/(X/) \pm 24/) 15390! Function To Get A Job Name 1 15395 Def FnJob.Name\$(X%) = Rad\$(Peek(FnJdb2%(X%)+12%)) + & Rad\$(Feek(FnJdb2%(X%)+14%)) 15400! Function To See If A Job Is Lossed In This Slot ! 15410 Def FnLossed.In%(X%) = (Peek(Job.Tb% + 2% * X%) <> 0%) 15425! Function To Get Someone's IOB 1 15430 Def FnIob%(X%) = Peek(FnJdb%(X%)) 15440! Function To Find Someone's Console MB 1 15450 Def FnConsole.Kb%(X%) = (Swar%(Peek(Peek(FnIob%(X%)) + 2%)) And 255%) 15500! Function To Format A Ppn 1 15510 Def EnPen\$(X%) !Return \$ P% = FnPen%(X%)Rset D.Prj\$ = "[" + Num1\$(Swap%(P%) And 255%) 68







```
Lset D.Prs$ = Num1$(P% And 255%) + "]"
       Fnend
       Def FnPpn1$(P%) = "[" + Num1$(Swap%(P%) And 255%) &
15520
                  + "," + Num1$(P% And 255%) + "]"
15525! Function To Format A Console KB:
    15530
       Def FnConsole.Kb$(X%)
        Kb% = FriConsole.Kb%(X%)
        If (Ttint% And 255%) = 8% Then
                FnConsole.Kb$ = *PK* + Num1$(Kb% - 1%)
        Else
                FnConsole.Kb$ = 'KB' + Num1$(Kb%)
15531
        Fnend
15630! Function To Change Upper Case Name To Lower Case
    1
15640
        Def FnLow.Case$(W$)
        Change W$ To Word%
                For Cha% = 2\% To Word%(0%)
                   Word%(Cha%) = Word%(Cha%) + 32% &
                        If Word%(Cha%) > 64% &
                                And Word%(Cha%) < 91%
                Next Cha%
        Change Word% To W$
        FnLow.Case$ = W$
        Fnend
15700! Function to Check on Match between Pan of Current Job
     ! and Requested Ppn
15710 Def FnMatch/(X%,Y%)
15720 FnMatch% = 0%
        Boto 15740 If Tarset. Juli C. 0%
        Goto 15730 If Y% - Swap%(PrJ%) = 255%
        FnMatch% = -1\% If X% = Y%
        Fnexit
        FnMatchZ = -1X If (XZ And YZ) = XZ And (SwapZ(XZ) And 255Z) = PrJZ
15730
        Fnexit
15740
        If (Swap%(Ppn%) And 255%) = (Swap%(X%) And 255%) %
        Or (Swap%(Ppn%) And 255%) = 1% Then
                 FnMatch\chi = -1\chi
```



69





15750 Fnend 16000! Functions For Large File Systems Department ! 16010! Decode A Window Control Block 1 16020 Def FnWcb.Decode%(Wcb.Base%) Wcb%(K% / 2%) = Peek(Wcb.Base% + K%) For K% = 0% To 30% Step 2% 16030 Web.Idx% = Web%(0%) And 255% Web.Sts% = Swap%(Web%(0%)) And 255% Web.Job% = Web%(1%) And 255% Web.Fls% = Swap%(Web%(1%)) And 255% Web.MsbX = SwapX(WebX(2X)) And 255X Web.Nsb% = Swap%(Web%(3%)) And 255% Web.Lsb% = Web%(3%) And 255% $Web \cdot Feb = Web (4\%)$ Web Web X = Web X (6X)Web.Nxt% = Web%(7%) Friend 16050! Decode A File Control Block 1 16060 Def FnFcb.Decode%(Fcb.Base%) Fcb%(K% / 2%) = Peek(Fcb.Base% + K%) For K% = 0% To 30% Step 2% $Feb_{N\times t} = Feb_{0}(0)$ 16070 $Fcb \cdot Pen \% = Fcb \% (2\%)$ Fcb.Fil\$ = FnLow.Case\$(Rad\$(Fcb%(3%)) + & Rad\$(Fcb%(4%))) + & • • • 4 8 FnLow.Case\$(Rad\$(Fcb%(5%))) Fcb.Stt% = Fcb%(6%) And 255% Fcb.Msb% = Swap%(Fcb%(12%)) And 255% Feb.Unt% = Feb%(12%) And 255% Feb.Nsb% = Swap%(Feb%(13%)) And 255% Feb.Lsb% = Feb%(13%) And 255% Feb.Web% = Feb%(15%)Fnend 16100! Function To Build Device Name Tables 1 16110 Def FnDev.Name% For MX = 0% To (Dev.Kb% - 2%) Step 2% Dev.Gen\$ = Cvt%\$(Swap%(Peek(M% + Dev.Nm%))) Dev.Nme\$ = Dev.Nme\$ + Dev.Gen\$ + Chr\$(48% + K%) & 70









For K% = 0% To Peek(Dev.Cn% + M%) Next MZ MZ = Dev.NmZ + MZ 16120 Dev.Ddb\$ = "?" 16130 MZ = MZ + 2% KZ = Peek(MZ)If K_{X}^{\prime} <> -1% Then Dev.Ddb\$ = Dev.Ddb\$ + Cvt%\$(Swar%(K%)) Goto 16130 16140 Fnend 16200! Function To Find The Device For A WCB i 16210 Def FnDev\$(Hnd.Idx%) If Hnd.Idx% = 0% Then Dev\$ = Mid(Dev.Nme\$,(Fcb.Unt% * 3% + 1%),3%) + *:* Else Dev\$ = Mid(Dev.Ddb\$,Hnd.Idx%,2%) + Num1\$(Fcb.Unt%) + ":" 16220 Dev\$ = "NL:" If Dev\$ = "NLO:" FnDev\$ = Dev\$ Fnend 17000 1 ļ Screen Functions For Paint Mode ļ 17010 ļ Clear The Screen Department 17020 Def Enclear (Channel%, Terminal%) !I/O Channel !Terminal Type: 0 For VTXX ١ 1 For ADDS 2 For V152 17030 Print #Channel%, Chr\$(155%) ; "EOH" ; Chr\$(155%) ; "EOJ" ; If Terminal% = 0% !VT100 Print #Channel%, Chr\$(12%) ; If Terminal% = 1% ! ADDS Print #Channel%, Chr\$(155%) ; 'H' ; Chr\$(155%) ; 'J' ; If Terminal% = 2% !VT52 170,40 Fnend

!End of definition



71





17050 ļ Cursor Position Routine 17060 Def Fncursor(Channel%,Terminal%,Row%,Col%) !I/O Channel !Terminal' Type 0 For VT100 1 For ADDS 2 For VT52 **!Screen Row** !Screen Column 17070 Goto 17080 If Terminal% = 1% !See if they have an ADDS If Terminal% = 2% Then Print #Channel%, Chr\$(155%) ; % Chr\$(89%) ; 2 Chr\$(31% + Row%) ; & Chr\$(32% + Col%) ţ Cursor Addressing For VT52 Else Print #Channel%, Chr\$(155%) + & *C* + Num1\$ (Col%) + 8 *;* + Num1\$ (Row%) + & "H" \$ End If Goto 17090 !End of VTXX Stuff 17080 Cur.argi% = Int(Col% / 10%) Cur.ars2% = Col% - (10% * Cur.ars1%) Print #Channel%, ; & Chr\$(139%) Chr\$(63% + Row%) 7 8 Chr\$(155%) ; & Chr\$(5%) ; % Chr\$(Cur.arg1% + 128%) ; & Chr\$(Cur,ars2% + 128%) ; Cursor Leadin For ADDS 980 17090 Fnend !Exit 17100 1 Print this string wherever 17110 Def Fnerint%(Channel%,Terminal%,Row%,Col%,This\$) !I/O Channel !Terminal Type 0 For VTXX 1 1 1 For ADDS **!Screen Row** 72





Account Status Program PAGE 14



IScreen Column **!Print** This

17120	Bumms% = Fncursor(Channel%,Terminal%,Row%,Col%) !Call in the Cursor Routines
	Print #Channel%, This\$;
	Work Bone Here
17130	Fnend
	!Exit
32000	ļ
	! Error Handlin⊴ Code
32010	If Err = 11 Then
	Resume 1030 If Erl = 1040
	Resume 32767 If Erl = 1020
	Resume 2020 If Start%
	Resume 2030
32020	If Err = 28 Then
	Scr% = Fnclear(1%,Term%)
	Close 1,2
	Resume 32767
32030	If Err = 15 Then
	Resume 2020 If Start%
	Resume 2030
72040	If Err = 52 Then
52040	Resume 4100
	VESONE 4100
32099	On Error Goto 0
32767	End





DAN'S MAGIC PAGE 1



This piece of "Masic" is really a BASIC-PLUS-2 V2.2 bus, but it is interesting. 2000 R.NUMBER = 1599 $Z_{1}^{\prime\prime} = 24567.$ GET #1%, RECORD R.NUMBER ! This statement will consistantly (at SCALE 6) ! set record 1598...not 1599 Now for the old "set rid of ERL references so COMPILE/NOLINE can be done" trick: 2000 AVG = TOTAL/ITEMS PRINT "Average is: ";AVG 19020 IF ERL = 2000% THEN PRINT "Averase unknown" RESUME 9000 ****** Now the /NOLINE version ****** 2000 $MY_{*}ERLX = 2000\%$ AVG = TOTAL/ITEMS MY > ERLZ = 0%PRINT "Average is: "#AUG 19020 IF MY.ERL% = 2000% THEN $MY \cdot ERL\% = 0\%$ PRINT "Averase unknown" RESUME 9000







TO READ A LOG FILE WHILE THE BATCH JOB IS RUNNING ON VAX

EDIT/SOS/READ comfilename.LOG

In editor, answer:

P ^:*

(including the space)

This starts the file printing from the beginning.

If the file sets to line 65500 and stops, hit a lot of carriage returns and answer:

/READONLY/NONUMBERS

P ^:*

The rest of the file should start printing.

Hit Control C and then Control Z to set out of the editor.



.TITLE DBØCAN ; PROGRAM TITLE BLOCK ; ; PROGRAM: DBØCAN VERSION 1A.00 ; EDIT LEVEL: 0000 DATE 06-13-80 ; AUTHOR(S): WIT ; OP SYS: RSX-11M V3.2 ; ; CALL FORMAT ; ; CALL DB@CAN ; ; ARGUMENT NAME ; DESCRIPTION ----------; ; • PAGE MODIFICATION HISTORY LOG ; ; VER/ED DATE INITIAL REASON ; ----; ; • PAGE PROGRAM DESCRIPTION ; ; THE PURPOSE OF THIS ROUTINE IS CANCEL THE CURRENT TASK ; IT IS DESIGNED FOR USE WITH THE DBØCHN SUBROUTINE ; WHICH SPAWNS MCR WITH A RUN COMMAND ; . PAGE MACRO CALLS ; ; .MCALL EXIT\$S .PAGE DBØCAN:: EXIT\$S ; CALL EXIT NORMAL . END

1 SUB DBØCHN (PROGRAM.NAME\$, TASK.ID\$) 1 PROGRAM TITLE BLOCK I ! PROGRAM: DBØCHN VERSION 1A.00 0001 ! EDIT LEVEL: DATE 06-13-80 ! AUTHOR(S): WIT ! OP SYS: RSX-11M V3.2 1 \ ON ERROR GO TO 19000 CALL DBØRAD ("MCR...", MCR\$, ERROR.CODE%) 1010 CONVERT MCR... TO RAD50 IN MCR\$ \ CALL DBØTTN(T%) 1 GET TERMINAL NUMBER \setminus T1\$=NUM1\$(T%) CONVER TERMINAL NUMBER TO A STRING 1 \ T1\$="0"+T1\$ IF LEN(T1\$)<2% 1 PAD WITH LEADING ZERO IF NEEDED \ T1\$ = "T" IF IF LEN(T1\$)<3% ADD A T IN FRONT IF TERMINAL NUMBER IS NOT 1 GREATER THAN 3 1 ∖ TASK.ID\$=EDIT\$ (TASK.ID\$,128%) +TI\$ 1 ADD TERMINAL NUMBER TO END TO TASKID \ TASK.ID\$=LEFT(TASK.ID\$,3%) THIS WILL CAUSE THE PROGRAM TO BE TØITØI IF 1 NO NAME WAS PASSED 1 \ CMD.LINE\$="RUN "+PROGRAM.NAME\$+"/TASK="+TASK.ID\$+T1\$ t BUILD THE COMMAND LINE \ CMD.LINE.LEN%=LEN(CMD.LINE\$) \setminus DUMMY1\$=STRING\$(4%,0%) \setminus DUMMY\$ =SPACE\$(16%) \ A%=RCTRLC \ CALL DBØCLS ! CLOSE ALL THE OPEN CHANNELS \ CALL SPAWN BY REF (MCR\$,1%,1%,0%,DUMMY\$,DUMMY\$,I%, CMD.LINE\$, CMD.LINE.LEN%, 0%, DUMMY1\$, STAT%) \ IF STAT% <> 1% THEN PRINT "??Error in chain ";NUM1\$(STAT%) 1020 CALL DBØCAN \ GO TO 32000 19000! * STANDARD ERROR HANDLING 1 19900 PRINT \ ERR.MESSAGES\$=ERT\$(ERR) \ PRINT "??Error ";ERR.MESSAGES\$ \ PRINT "IN ";ERN\$;" at line ";ERL \ ERR.MESSAGESS="" \ ERR.IND%=-1% \ RESUME 32767 32000! * ! E N D O F JOB PROCESSING 1 32767 1 END OF PROGRAM 1 1 \ SUBEND

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77

l	SUB DBØCLS ! ! P R O G R A M T I T L E B L O C K ! ! PROGRAM: DBØCLS VERSION 1A.00 ! EDIT LEVEL: ØØØØ DATE 06-12-80 ! AUTHOR(S): WIT ! OP SYS: RSX-11M V3.2 ! \ ON ERROR GO TO 19000	& & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &&&&&&&
15	CALL FORMAT CALL DBØCLS ARGUMENT NAME DESCRIPTION	చ్ చ్ చ్ చ్ చ్ చ్
201	* ! MODIFICATION HISTORY LOG ! ! VER/ED DATE INITIAL REASON ! ====== =============================	ર્સ & & & &
100!	* ! PROGRAM DESCRIPTION ! ! CLOSE ALL CHANNELS	& & &
400!	<pre>* ! VARIABLES AND ARRAYS USED ! NAME DESCRIPTION ! ====================================</pre>	& & & & & & &
1000!	* ! MAIN PROGRAM LOGIC !	ર્સ & &
1010	FOR I%=12% TO 1% STEP1% ∖ IF BUFSIZ(I%)<>0% THEN CLOSE #1%	& &
1020	NEXT 1% \ GO TO 32000	ર્સ &
19000!	* ! STANDARD ERROR HANDLING !	& & &
19900	<pre>PRINT \ ERR.MESSAGES\$=ERT\$(ERR) \ PRINT "??Error ";ERR.MESSAGES\$ \ PRINT "IN ";ERN\$;" at line ";ERL \ ERR.MESSAGES\$="" \ ERR.IND%=-1% \ RESUME 32767 78</pre>	ર & & & & & &
320001	* ! END OF JOB PROCESSING '	& & &

32767 ! ! END OF PROGRAM & ! \SUBEND & 1 SUB DBØTTN(TERM.NUM%) & 1 & PROGRAM TITLE BLOCK æ 1 & ! PROGRAM: DBØTTN VERSION 1A.00 & ! EDIT LEVEL: 0000 DATE 06-11-80 8 ! AUTHOR(S): WIT £ ! OP SYS: RSX-11M V3.2 & . & \ ON ERROR GO TO 19000 & 15 1 & ! CALL FORMAT 8 1 & ! CALL DB0TTN (TERM.NUM%) δ 1 8 ! ARGUMENT NAME DESCRIPTION 8 ! =============== 8 1 8 TERMINAL NUMBER OF CURRENT TT: ! TERM.NUM% ŵ 201 & ! MODIFICATION HISTORY LOG Se 1 & ! VER/ED DATE INITIAL REASON 8 ! ===== ==== -----8 1 S 100! × 8 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION δ 1 8 GET YOUR TERMINAL NUMBER 1 & 400! * & IVARIABLES AND ARRAYS USED ٤ 1 â ! NAME DESCRIPTION 8 ______ ! ========== & 8 1 NUMBER OF THE CURRENT TT: ! TERM.NUM% 8 ! THE.BUF\$ WORK BUFFER USED IN CALL TO GETLUN δ 700! * S. SUBROUTINES USED 8 & 1 ! NAME/LINE # DESCRIPTION 8 ! ========= & Se 1 RSX SYSTEM SUBROUTINE TO GET INFO ON & ! GETLUN A LOGICAL CHANNEL 8 1 1000! * δ MAIN PROGRAM LOGIC 8 1 8 1 \land THE.BUF\$=SPACE\$(12%) 8 \ CALL GETLUN BY REF (13%, THE.BUF\$) 8 \ IF LEFT(THE.BUF\$,2%)<>"TT" THEN TERM.NUM%=0% & \mathbf{i} GO TO 32000 & TERM.NUM%=(ASCII(RIGHT(THE.BUF\$,3%)) AND 127%) δ 1020 8 \ GO TO 32000 80 190001 * & STANDARD ERROR HANDLING & 8 1

19900	<pre>PRINT \ ERR.MESSAGES\$=ERT\$(ERR) \ PRINT "??Error ";ERR.MESSAGES\$ \ PRINT "IN ";ERN\$;" at line ";ERL \ ERR.MESSAGES\$="" \ ERR.IND\$=-1% \ RESUME 32767</pre>	చ్ శ్ శ్ శ్ శ్
32000!	* ! END OF JOB PROCESSING ! \ THE.BUF\$=""	ર્સ & & &
32767	I I END OF PROGRAM I VSUBEND	ર્સ & & &

1 SUB DBØRAD(IN\$,OUT\$,ERR.IND%) & 1 & PROGRAM TITLE BLOCK 8 1 & ! PROGRAM: DBØRAD VERSION 1A.00 & ! EDIT LEVEL: 0000 ! AUTHOR(S): WIT DATE Ø6-11-80 & δ ! OP SYS: RSX-11M V3.2 & & 1 \ ON ERROR GO TO 19000 & 15 ! & ICALL FORMAT & 1 & ! CALL DBØRAD (IN\$, OUT\$, ERR.IND%) 8 1 8 ! ARGUMENT NAME DESCRIPTION 8 1 =============== _____ 8 ! IN\$ INPUT STRING IN ASCII & ! OUTS RETURNED STRING IN RAD50 & ! ERR.IND% 0% NO ERROR = & ERROR CODE 1 & 1 & 20! * & ! MODIFICATION HISTORY LOG æ 1 ά ! VER/ED DATE INITIAL REASON & ! ====== ==== 8 å 1 1001 * 8 I P R O G R A M D E S C R I P T I O N δ 1 & CONVERT ASCII TO RAD50 1 S. 400! * & IVARIABLES AND ARRAYS USED & 1 8 ! NAME DESCRIPTION 8 ! ========= S ! 8 WORK VARIABLE CONTAINING THE RAD50 ! A\$ 8 INTERGER 1 8 ERROR CONDITION CODE INDICATOR STRING CONTAINING THE ERROR MESSAGE THE INPUT STRING ! ERR.IND% ! ERR.MESSAGES\$ 8 & ! IN\$ 8 ! J% LOOP COUNTER S INTERGER VALUE OF CONVERTED STRING ! J1% S RAD50 POSSITION OF THIS LETTER ! J2% å ! K% LOOP COUNTER & THE OUTPUT RAD50 STRING ! OUTS & CONVERSION STRING ! ST\$ £ TEMPORARY STRING CONTAINING THE STRING & ! TEMPS TO BE CONVERTED 8 1 THE CURRENT 3 CHARACTER TO BE ! TEMP1\$ & TO BE CONVERTED 8 1 TOTAL NUMBER OF 3 CHARACTER STRINGS ! THE.LEN S TO BE CONVERTED & 1 82 10001 * & MAIN PROGRAM LOGIC & 1 & 1 \ ST\$=" ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ\$.?0123456789" & &

	<pre>\ THE.LEN = LEN(IN\$) / 3. \ IF THE.LEN <> INT(THE.LEN) THEN THE.LEN=INT(THE.LEN+1.)</pre>	& &
1020	TEMP\$=SPACE\$(THE.LEN*3%) \ LSET TEMP\$=IN\$ \ OUT\$=""	& & &
1030	<pre>FOR J% = 1% TO THE.LEN \ J1% = Ø% \ TEMP1\$=MID(TEMP\$,(J%-1%)*3% + 1% , 3%) \ FOR K% = 1% TO 3% \ J2% = INSTR(1%,ST\$,MID(TEMP1\$,K%,1%)) \ GO TO 1040 IF J2% = Ø% \ J1%=J1%*40%+(J2%-1%) \ NEXT K% \ A\$=CVT%\$(J1%) \ OUT\$=OUT\$+RIGHT(A\$,2%)+LEFT(A\$,1%) \ NEXT J% \ GO TO 1050</pre>	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
1040	ERR.IND%=1%	æ
1050	TEMP1\$="" \ TEMP\$="" \ GO TO 32000	& & &
19000!	* ! STANDARD ERROR HANDLING !	& & &
19900	<pre>PRINT \ ERR.MESSAGES\$=ERT\$(ERR) \ PRINT "??Error ";ERR.MESSAGES\$ \ PRINT "IN ";ERN\$;" at line ";ERL \ ERR.MESSAGES\$="" \ ERR.IND%=-1% \ RESUME 32767</pre>	& & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &
32000!	* ! END OF JOB PROCESSING !	& & &
32767	! ! END OF PROGRAM ! \SUBEND	& & & &