Contributors to this Issue

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- R. W. Burns, B.A., Indiana University, 1916; B.S. in E.E., Purdue University, 1918. U. S. Army, 1918; American Telephone and Telegraph Company, 1919–34; Bell Telephone Laboratories, 1934–. Mr. Burns has been engaged in the formulation of requirements for central office maintenance equipment, principally that used for testing exchange lines and trunks. During World War II he was in charge of a group preparing instruction books for teletype communication equipment for the armed forces. Professional Engineer, New York State. Member of Sigma XI and Eta Kappa Nu.
- J. W. Dehn, E.E., Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn, 1932. Western Electric Company, 1919–25; Bell Telephone Laboratories, 1925–. Switching Systems Development Engineer, 1952. Mr. Dehn has been principally concerned with the design and development of manual and dial telephone switching systems since joining the Bell System. During World War II he developed communication systems for the Signal Corps and trained military personnel in the operation and maintenance of this equipment. Since 1945 he has been engaged in No. 5 crossbar design. Professional Engineer, New York State.
- R. F. Mallina, M.E., Vienna Technical College, 1912. London Institute of City and Guilds, 1914. Wurlitzer Piano Company, Acoustical Engineer, 1925. RCA Victor Company, Head of Apparatus Development Department, 1929. Bell Telephone Laboratories, 1929.. At the

Laboratories Mr. Mallina worked initially in acoustical research where he developed the first magnetic telephone message recorder and the five-reed telephone set. From 1936 on he was engaged in fundamental development on machine switching apparatus, first on AMA, later with the wire spring relay project. In connection with the latter, he developed the solderless wrapped connection. Mr. Mallina is also a research associate at New York University, Department of Education.

- W. P. Mason, B.S. in E.E., University of Kansas, 1921; M.A., Ph.D., Columbia, 1928. Bell Telephone Laboratories, 1921–. Dr. Mason has been engated principally in investigating the properties and applications of piezoelectric crystals, in the study of ultrasonics, and in mechanics. Fellow of the American Physical Society, Acoustical Society of America and Institute of Radio Engineers and member of Sigma Xi and Tau Beta Pi.
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- T. F. Osmer, E.E., Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn, 1935. Bell Telephone Laboratories, 1920—. As a member of the Physical Research Department until 1952, Mr. Osmer was primarily concerned with transducers, including transmitters, receivers, loudspeakers, and high quality microphones. During World War II he worked on military contracts, and since the war he has been occupied with carbon contact studies, and more recently with studies of the solderless wrapped connection, using photoelastic techniques.
- R. C. Prim, received a B.S.E.E. degree from the University of Texas in 1941, and M.A. and Ph.D. degrees from Princeton University in 1949. Following graduation from college, he was employed by General Electric Company in Schenectady until 1944, and then, as an ensign in the

Reserve, he joined the Naval Ordnance Laboratory at White Oak, Maryland. Here he conducted research on torpedo motion and control theory. He joined Bell Telephone Laboratories in 1949, and has conducted mathematical research on non-linear partial differential equations and served as a consultant on military projects. Dr. Prim is a member of the American Mathematical Society, the American Physical Society, Sigma Xi, and Tau Beta Pi.

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- E. F. Vaage, E.E., Technical University of Darmstadt, 1926; M.E.E., Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute, 1932; Royal Norwegian Air Force, 1918–19; Elektrisk Bureau, 1926–27; A. T. & T. Co., 1927–34; Bell Telephone Laboratories, 1934–. Mr. Vaage is a member of a group engaged in systems studies, an outgrowth of his previous work of evaluating transmission systems. Member of American Mathematical Society and A.I.E.E.
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