MICROPOLIS USERS GROUP

MUG Newsletter # 3 - October 1980

Published monthly by the MUG, Buzz Rudow - Editor 604 Springwood Cir., Huntsville AL (205) 883-2621

Subscription (August through July) rates:
U.S., Canada, Mexico; \$12/year: Other, \$18/year
Mid-year subscribers receive current year's back issues.

SYSTEMATION'S ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE SORT

SORT/A, a recent release of Systemation (PO Box 75, Richton Park, IL 60471 (312)481-2420), is an assembly language routine that is accessed by Micropolis' Assembly Language Function statement. The cost is \$75. No particular knowledge of either the Function statement or assembly language is needed to use the routine. SORT/A is 1000-words long and must be loaded in either a non-contiguous part of memory, or, by using the MEMEND statement, in the last part of contiguous memory. Those of you with a 1K RAM as part of your operating system's PROM/ROM/RAM board may be able to use the RAM for SORT/A. I say 'maybe', because my System-B Vector Graphic still uses a few words of the system (non-contiguous) RAM even when in Micropolis control. I therefore had to use a MEMEND. I understand that different versions of the System-B leave the RAM free.

SORT/A allows you to sort any array-type allowed by Micropolis; strings, integer numbers, or real numbers. You can sort in ascending or descending sequence, can specify that a parallel array be sorted in concert with the prime array, and can specify that data input as lower or mixed case be sorted as though it were all upper case.

BASIC QUICKSORT PREVIOUSLY USED

Listing 1 shows a BASIC quicksort routine that I had been using. Quicksort, listed from lines 200 to 365, was adapted from "BASIC and the Personal Computer", written by Dwyer & Critchfield, published by Addison-Wesley. The data that I sorted was not strictly random. It was a 1000-record portion of a mailing file I maintain, containing several hundred unique ZIP codes. The file is in alphabetic-by-last-name order when input to the sort. For mailing, the user requires ZIP order mailing labels.

The input section of the program is relatively unimportant for our present purpose of investigating sort times. It is necessary for accessing the data I wished to test with, but you can use a random number generator for investigation if you don't want to wait for the disk access times. For my test, I put a 5-character string representation of the ZIP code in the Z\$-array, and an integer number representation of the ZIP's file location in the Z-array. My data is packed at two logical records per Micropolis physical record and is fixed length. I know that the ZIPs always start at location 72 and 197 of each physical record.

```
Title: QUICKSORT
                                                                     MUG Sort Tests
                      MUG Sort Tests
Title: OUICKSORT
                                                          P=P+1
                                                 345
          ! OUICKSORT 09/15/80
    5
                                                          S(P,1)=A+1
                                                 350
    6
                                                 355
                                                          S(P,2)=H
          ! INITIALIZATION SECTION
    7
                                                 360
                                                        > H=A-1
    8
                                                          GOTO 250
                                                  365
          SIZES (3,2,15)
   10
                                                        > PRINT "SORT COMPLETE FOR"; I;"
                                                  370
          DIM S(60,2),W$(250)
   15
                                                          ZIPS"
           INPUT "PRESS 'RETURN' TO STAR'
   20
                                                          PRINT "NOTE TIME FOR SORT"
                                                  375
          T INPUT"; R$
                                                          END
                                                  380
  100
  105
           ! INPUT SECTION
  110
                                                                      MUG Sort Tests
           OPEN 1 "1:TESTCASE"
                                                Title: SORT/A
  115
           DIM Z$(1000,5),Z(1000)
  120
                                                     5
                                                           ! SORT/A 09/15/80
  125
           I=0
                                                    6
           FOR K=1 TO RECPUT(1)-1
                                                           ţ
  130
                                                    7
                                                           ! INITIALIZATION SECTION
               GET 1 W$
  135
                                                    8
               I=I+1
  140
                                                   10
                                                           IF PEEK(16R0500)=79 GOTO 30
               Z$(I)=MID$(W$,72,5)
  145
                                                   15
                                                           LOAD "SORT/A.FC"
  150
               Z(I)=I
                                                           DEF FAA=16RFC00
                                                    20
               I=I+1
   155
                                                    25
                                                           GOTO 45
   160
               Z$(I)=MID$(W$,197,5)
                                                    30
                                                         > MEMEND 16RDBFF
               Z(I)=I
   165
                                                    35
                                                           LOAD "SORT/A.DC"
   170
           NEXT K
                                                    40
                                                           DEF FAA=16RDC00
           PRINT "INPUT"; I; "RECORDS"
   175
                                                    45
                                                         > SIZES(3,2,15)
           CLOSE 1
   180
                                                    50
                                                           DIM W$ (250)
           PRINT "NOTE TIME REQUIRED FOR
   185
                                                           PRINT "SET-UP COMPLETE"
                                                    55
           INPUT"
           INPUT "PRESS 'RETURN' TO STAR
                                                           INPUT "PRESS 'RETURN' TO STAR
                                                   60
   190
                                                           T INPUT"; R$
           T SORT";R$
                                                   100
   200
           ! SORT SECTION
                                                           ! INPUT SECTION
   205
                                                   105
                                                   110
   210
            !
                                                           OPEN 1 "1:TESTCASE"
                                                   115
           P=1
   215
                                                   120
                                                           DIM Z$(1000,5),Z(1000)
           S(P,1)=1
   220
                                                   125
   225
            S(P,2)=I
                                                   130
                                                           FOR K=1 TO RECPUT(1)-1
         > IF P<0 GOTO 370
   230
                                                   135
                                                               GET 1 W$
   235
            L=S(P,1)
                                                   140
                                                                I=I+1
   240
            H=S(P,2)
                                                   145
                                                               Z$(I)=MID$(W$,72,5)
   245
            P=P-1
                                                   150
                                                                Z(I)=I
         > IF H<L GOTO 230
   250
                                                   155
                                                                I=I+1
   255
            A=L
                                                   160
                                                                Z$(I)=MID$(W$,197,5)
   260
            B=H
                                                   165
                                                               Z(I)=I
            S=-1
   265
                                                   170
                                                           NEXT K
          > IF A>=B GOTO 340
   270
                                                           PRINT "INPUT"; I; "RECORDS"
                                                   175
            IF Z$(A) <= Z$(B) GOTO 315
    275
                                                   180
                                                           CLOSE 1
    280
            F$=Z$(A)
                                                   185
                                                           PRINT "NOTE TIME REQUIRED FOR
    285
            Z$(A)=Z$(B)
            Z$ (B) =F$
    290
                                                   190
                                                            INPUT "PRESS 'RETURN' TO STAR
    295
            F=Z(A)
                                                           T SORT";R$
    300
            Z(A)=Z(B)
                                                   200
    305
            Z(B)=F
                                                            ! SORT SECTION
                                                   205
    310
            S=-S
                                                   210
          > IF S<0 GOTO 330
    315
                                                   215
                                                           A=FAA("Z$ Z")
    320
            B=B-1
                                                   220
                                                            IF A<>0 PRINT "SORT ERROR":ST
    325
            GOTO 335
    330
          > A=A+1
                                                   230
                                                            PRINT "NOTE TIME FOR SORT"
          > GOTO 270
    335
                                                   235
          > IF A+1>=H GOTO 360
                                                            END
    340
```

Only the Z\$-array is sorted, but if an interchange is made, then the corresponding interchange is made in the Z-array. When the sort is complete, the Z\$-array is in ZIP code order, but more importantly, the Z-array is a sequence of record numbers in the proper order for accessing the total file in ZIP code order. You can now print your current file in ZIP order, or create a new file with all records in ZIP order, or save the Z-array as a separate file which can be recalled for subsequent use.

EASY TO IMPLEMENT - AND FAST

To run SORT/A, the program requires modification in the initialization and the sort sections, which are shown in listing 2. The input section doesn't change. Not too surprisingly, SORT/A requires some 800 words less of contiguous memory than Quicksort. Removal of the Quicksort code and the doubly dimensioned S-array provide this savings. You have used 1000 words for the assembly language sort routine, however, so the net savings are nil.

In listing 2, lines 15 and 20 are required for a system having some non-continguous memory, or lines 30, 35, and 40 if you use the end of your continguous memory. Nine different load modules are supplied so you can place SORT/A at the end of any 4K boundry from 32K to 64K. Line 215 is all you need to do to execute the sort. In this case, I selected only the prime sort on Z\$, with parallel movement of the contents of Z. The program defaults to an ascending sequence sort of 'as is' strings. As discussed last month, line 10 determines whether the program is running on the SOL or the VG.

The results, on a 4MH Z80 Vector Graphic, are:

QSORT 698.4 seconds SORT/A 4.6 seconds

Amazing. SORT/A is not twice as fast, not ten times as fast, but is 151 times as fast as QSORT. Do I love it? You bet.

GREAT! BUT UNSTABLE

The results of both SORT/A and quicksort are unstable. That is, the contents of the sorted file which are exclusive of the sort key are not in the same order as the input file. Specifically, the input file was in alphabetic order by last name. The sorted file is NOT in alphabetic order by last name within each ZIP category.

One way to make either of these sorts produce a stable file is to append something on the ZIP (sort key) to force the desired order. One could use a section of the name field, or, as I did, use the input record sequence number, which, of course, preserves the alphabetical order of a file which is already in alphabetical order. In my data, this number is contained in the last four characters of the logical record of the disk data. I edited the following lines to read:

¹²⁰ DIM Z\$(1000,9),Z(1000): ! TO HOLD EXPANDED DATA

¹⁴⁵ Z\$(I)=MID\$(W\$,72,5)+MID\$(W\$,122,4)

¹⁶⁰ Z\$(I)=MID\$(W\$,197,5)+MID\$(W\$,247,4)

You realize that this appended data is essentially the same number as 'I'. Don't try to append 'I', however. The statement

Z\$(I)=MID\$(W\$,72,5)+STR\$(I)

will not produce a stable sort. STR\$(I) will convert 'I's of '2' and '19' to "blank,2,blank" and "blank,1,9,blank". Since comparison is done on a character by character basis, the text representation of '19' is smaller than that of '2'; '101' is smaller yet, and '1000' is the smallest of the four. Within groupings of the same number of digits, everything works as expected. Whenever the digit length changes, however, the sort goes unstable. Using 'I', these sorts are made stable by stating:

B\$=MID\$(STR\$(I),2,LEN(STR\$(B))-2)IF LEN(B\$)<4 B\$=REPEAT\$("0",4-LEN(B\$))+B\$ Z\$(I)=MID\$(W\$,72,5)+B\$

We know the maximum record number will be 4 characters (1000) and that conversion by the STR\$ statement returns a leading and trailing blank space. The first statment gets rid of the blanks. The second statement right justifies the number in a 4-character field and left fills, if less than 4 characters, with zeros. The above mentioned 'blank,2,blank' and 'blank,1,9,blank' now read '0,0,0,2' and '0,0,1,9', which will cause the sort to be stable.

RESULTS DEPEND ON INPUT DATA

At any rate, running the modified program produced sort times of:

QSORT 515.5 seconds SORT/A 6.8 seconds

Strange, now SORT/A is only 76 times faster. What's really strange is that QSORT ran appreciably faster when sorting a longer text string. I'm not going to attempt to explain it (because I don't know). Sorting is a mysterious art, whose results depend on the input data. Some sorts are good on truly random data, terrible on nearly ordered data. This result may be a characteristic of quicksorts combined with my particular data, or I may have made an error in translation of the algorithm. As far as end results are concerned, it does work properly, though.

For the record, if one is going to use the second method, then the Z-array is redundant and all references to it can be removed. Line 215 would then read A=FAA("Z\$").

FOR FURTHER INFO -SORTS AND MORE

The reference cited for quicksort, "BASIC and the Personal Computer" is a good addition to one's library. In addition to sorting, there is material on word processing, graphics, data bases, and simulations, as well as information on games and a general introduction to BASIC. All material is introductory in nature, but is applicable to

real situations. For further study of sorting, you may wish to look at Creative Computing's "Sorting, Shuffling and File Structures" mini-book. I got my copy as part of a new subscription offer. Whether it's available for separate purchase is unknown.

• • • • •

HARD DISKS: WORTH WAITING FOR

According to Micropolis' Bob Woytovick and Bob Rauch, the hard disk (Micropolis prefers the term 'rigid disk') is indeed being produced. The production rate is currently 10 to 15 drives a day. The majority of these drives are going to OEMs for inclusion in 'value-added' systems. Full production is expected by early 1981.

The system is being produced in three major configurations.

| | | Capacity, | Megabytes | |
|--------|----------------|-----------|-------------|--------|
| Model | Construction | Formatted | Unformatted | Price |
| 1261-1 | single platter | 6 | 9 | \$5700 |
| 1262-1 | double platter | 18 | 27 | \$6000 |
| 1263-1 | triple platter | 30 | 45 | \$6300 |

The formatting is 256 bytes/sector, 40 sectors/track, 580 tracks per surface, or 6 megabytes per surface. As you can see from the specifications, one platter is single sided, all others are double sided, so capacity is calculated as

((# of platters X 2 sides) - 1) X 6 megabytes. You can also see that if you're going to buy a rigid disk, you might as well buy the big one. For 10% increases in price you can double and triple your capacity.

The units are available in either desktop or rackmount configurations for a variety of voltages. The prices include an S-100 IDA (Intelligent Disk Adapter) board, a multi-user, multi-tasking operating system named OSM (written in 8080 code), a bunch of utility programs, a BASIC interpreter, and all cables. Other units are available without cabinets, power supplies, etc., for lower prices.

So, for \$6300 you can plug it all in and have both the rigid and floppy disks operational. Your present BASIC software will work but, if you access MDOS parameters and routines, your assembly language programs will need modification. Most of your current purchased applications software won't work because it uses MDOS.

SECOND SOURCING, ALMOST

Vector Graphics is also developing a system that produces the desired configuration of Micropolis hard and floppy disks. They are producing their own operating system and interface hardware to accomplish it. Whether the system will be available as an add-on module for 'old' VGs or other S-100 systems is unknown, but I'll continue to investigate. VG's operating system is based on CP/M, though, so there may be problems in converting your present Micropolis-

formatted files. VG can be considered a second source only if you're just interested in the hardware.

MICROPOLIS NEWS

After the long wait, the Micropolis News was released. Contrary to their belief, it wasn't particularly worth waiting for. I'm not saying that the ads aren't wanted or that the auto-execute isn't useful. It doesn't, however, take a year and a half to put that information together. If you didn't get your copy, write Jim Molenda, Micropolis Corporation, 21329 Nordhoff St., Chatsworth CA, 91311.

S/W FOR MICROPOLIS

The following items were mentioned, at least in part, in the Micropolis News. Since the authors took the time to inform me of their existance, I'd like to mention them again. I am attempting the compilation of a total directory of S/W. When sending notice of S/W, please indicate whether the program requires any particular configuration, eg; memory mapped video, 130 char/line printer, etc. If it is configurable to various systems, say so.

PROPERTY ANALYSIS & DATA BASE MANAGEMENT

First, here are two programs written by member Joe Castaldo, of Investment Analysis Systems, PO Box 282, Palos Verdes Est., CA 90274, (213) 375-7784. Both programs require a 48K, S-100 (Vector MZ) system, with Micropolis drives, and a CRT with cursor controls. They will run on either Micropolis BASIC or CP/M with CBASIC2. Each program is \$125, plus \$2 shipping, or \$3 for brochure and sample printouts. Joe will also consider trading his S/W for something you have written.

Property Analysis System (PAS) analyses the effects of nine years worth of financing, expenses, depreciation, taxes, and inflation for both residential and income property. Produces a three-page report. All data is modifiable with effects immediately displayed for review, allowing the user to model a property and ask "what if". Capacity of 20 properties per disk, with full file management capabilities. Five programs and 60-page manual.

Infomedia System (IMS) is a menu driven data base and file management system plus report writer. Capacity of 20 files, 999 records, 20 data formats, 20 report formats per disk; and 24 fields per record. Fields may be specified as mathematical functions of other fields. All format and field definitions are listed in the system directory.

File Functions: Create, delete, duplicate, add/modify, list.
Record Functions: Add, update, delete, scan, list, sort, compact, duplicate.

Report Functions: Create, delete, add/modify, list, print. User selectable column or label format, titles, fields, subtotals, total, and printing of selectable records.

DISASSEMBLER, DATA BASE & PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

Member Dave Culbertson, of Custom Electronics Inc., 238 Exchange St., Chicopee, MA 01013 (413) 592-4761 also offers three Micropolis programs.

Listing Disassembler converts 8080/8085 code from memory to an assembly source file compatible with MDOS LINEEDIT. Although each file can contain only 176 opcodes, sucessive disassemblies coupled with LINEEDIT APPENDS will produce any size file. Relocatable from 16R2B00 to 16RF500. Cost is \$50 for either a program listing for MOD-I systems, or a MOD-II disk containing the programs.

Custom Electronics is now the exclusive distributor for the CCA Data Management System, selling for \$150 (MOD-II, Ver. 4.0). CCA DMS is a menu driven set of programs which allow the definition of 24 fields per record and has five operational modes.

File Defintion Functions: Create, delete, list all file names, list particular file information.

File Maintenance Functions: Add, delete (flag), update, inspect, scan.

Report Generation Functions: Print all, print minus flagged, print flagged. User designated field selection, order. Auto titling & pagination, subtotals and total. Also mailing labels.

File Compacting: Removes flagged records, with or without backup. Sorting Functions: On any field in ascending or desending order, or a full alphanumeric merging sort on any field or fields.

If you get CCA DMS, you can then also use the Property Management System. It performs the routine daily posting to accounts, and produces five standard reports. Explanation is given for modifying system to conform to user's exact needs. Cost is \$69.95 in MOD-II format.

.

LETTERS

MUG:

Do you happen to know of a method for saving all of the variables generated by a BASIC program so that they may later be accessed by another BASIC program.

I'd like to do this without PUT-GET statements, if possible using SAVE-LOAD. In this way, I'd not be restricted to 250 characters each shot.

I've had good results using the DATABASE program published by Joel Shapiro in the Jan-March Kilobaud Magazines as a three-part article. The program is available from him at 491 Kenilworth Court; Des Plaines, Ill 60616. It comes in several versions at different prices.

Martin C. Rothstein

210 Madican Aria Mari Varb NV 10017

Martin-

Other than using the CHAIN statement, I don't know any easy answer. I use the PUT/GET, myself. I'm sure that the variable section of memory is locatable, savable, and loadable. I'd think that there would be a lot of overhead necessary for the second program to figure out what the data is, though. Perhaps the readers can help.

MUG:

How can you run Micropolis BASIC on CP/M? Al Brandli 3176 Pullman St., Suite 103, Costa Mesa CA 92626

A1-

If you mean running the Microplis BASIC interpreter on CP/M, I don't think you can. But then one can do about anything if they invest enough time. Readers? If you mean running programs created by Microplis BASIC, the idea is plausible, but not simple. Several people have asked about CP/M-MDOS convertions. I haven't done it yet, but I'm interested. I haven't the time to research it before this month's deadline. Anyone who has any thoughts on the subject, let me know. I suspect that some combination of Systemation's MDOS-CP/M convertion routine, and perhaps their Translator II, will do most of the formal convertion. Syntax differences between Micropolis BASIC and whatever CP/M BASIC you are using will have to be done by hand.

NEXT MONTH

I intend to discuss CP/M on Micropolis (a little), modems, new Vector Graphic equipment, and the double-sided Micropolis disk. I would really appreciate hearing from anyone who has a working modem. What brand, what operating system, what special software? As for software, starting what I hope will be monthly items, I'll include some BASIC and assembly language routines.

10/1/80

MICROPΩLIS™

REPRESENTATIVES

ALABAMA

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES
Holiday Office Center, Ste. 1
3322 Memorial Parkway, S.W.
Huntsville, AL 35801
205/881-9298

ALASKA

QUADRA SALES CORPORATION 14825 N.E. 40th Street, Ste. 340 Redmond, WA 98052 206/883-3550

ARIZONA

MICROPOLIS CORPORATION 21329 Nordhoff Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 213/709-3300

ARKANSAS

U.S. DATA ASSOCIATES 14241 Proton Road Dallas, TX 75240 214/661-9633

CALIFORNIA Northern California

GROUP III ELECTRONICS 542 Lakeside Drive, Ste. 6 Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408/245-4392

Los Angeles Area

GROUP III ELECTRONICS 2615 Manhattan Beach Blvd, Redondo Beach, CA 90278 213/973-7844

San Diego Area

GROUP III ELECTRONICS 8716 Production Avenue San Diego, CA 92121 714/578-1120

COLORADO

WESTEK DATA PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. Box 1355 Evergreen, CO 80439 303/674-5255

CONNECTICUT

EMC 381 Elliot Street Newton, MA 02164 617/244-4740

DELAWARE

ELECTRONIC MARKETING ASSOCIATES 11716 Parklawn Drive Rockville, MD 20852 301/881-5300 -- 301/744-7700

FLORIDA Northern Florida

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES P.O. Box 1475 Maitland, FL 32751 305/645-3444

Southern Florida

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES 201 S.E. 15th Terrace, Ste. K Deerfield Beach, FL 33441 305/421-4989

GEORGIA

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES Cherokee Center, Ste. 21 627 Cherokee Street Marietta, GA 30060 404/424-1931

HAWAII

MICROPOLIS CORPORATION 21329 Nordhoff Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 213/709-3300

IDAHO

QUADRA SALES CORPORATION 14825 N.E. 40th Street, Ste. 340 Redmond, WA 98052 206/883-3550

ILLINOIS Northern Illinois

DATA ELECTRONICS 5808 W. Higgins Avenue Chicago, IL 60630 312/283-0300

Southern Illinois

ENGINEERING SERVICES COMPANY 8420 Delmar Boulevard St. Louis, MO 63124 314/997-1515

INDIANA

DATA ELECTRONICS 1150 N. Shadeland Avenue Suite B-16B Indianapolis, IN 46219 317/359-5368

IOWA

DATA ELECTRONICS 3140 Harbor Lane Plymouth, MN 55441 612/559-1434

KANSAS

ENGINEERING SERVICES COMPANY 2425 S. Crysler Independence, MO 64052 816/254-3600

KENTUCKY

CARTER, MC CORMIC & PEIRCE, INC. 4977 Northcutt Place, Ste. 316 Dayton, OH 45414 513/222-7700 -- TWX 8104591613

LOUISIANA

U.S. DATA ASSOCIATES 14241 Proton Road Dallas, TX 75240 214/661-9633

MAINE

EMC 381 Elliot Street Newton, MA 02164 617/244-4740

MARYLAND

ELECTRONIC MARKETING ASSOCIATES 11716 Parklawn Drive Rockville, MD 20852 301/881-5300 -- 301/744-7700

MASSACHUSETTS

EMC 381 Elliot Street Newton, MA 02164 617/244-4740

MICHIGAN

CARTER, MC CORMIC & PEIRCE INC. 23996 Freeway Park Drive Farmington Hills, MI 48024 313/477-7700 -- TWX 8102422986

MINNESOTA

DATA ELECTRONICS 3140 Harbor Lane Plymouth, MN 55441 612/559-1434

MISSISSIPPI

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES Holiday Office Center, Ste. 1 3322 Memorial Parkway, S.W. Huntsville, AL 35801 205/881-9298

MISSOURI

ENGINEERING SERVICES COMPANY 8420 Delmar Boulevard St. Louis, MO 63124 314/997-1515

MONTANA

WESTEK DATA PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. Box 1355 Evergreen, CO 80439 303/674-5255

NEBRASKA

ENGINEERING SERVICES COMPANY 8420 Delmar Boulevard St. Louis, MO 63124 314/997-1515

NEVADA

MICROPOLOS CORPORATION 21329 Nordhoff Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 213/709-3300

NEW HAMPSHIRE

EMC 381 Elliot Street Newton, MA 02164 617/244-4740

NEW JERSEY Northern New Jersey

HARVEY J. KRASNER ASSOCIATES 87 Water Mill Lane Great Neck, NY 11021 516/487-0690

Southern New Jersey

ELECTRONIC MARKETING ASSOCIATES 649 W. Germantown Pike Plymouth Meeting, PA 19462 215/248-5050 HEW MEXICO

MICROPOLIS CORPORATION 21329 Nordhoff Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 213/709-3300

NEW YORK (New York City/Long Island)

HARVEY J. KRASNER ASSOCIATES 87 Water Mill Lane Great Neck, NY 11021 516/487-0690

NORTH CAROLINA

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES 1202 Eastchester Drive High Point, NC 27260 919/883-9125

NORTH DAKOTA

MICROPOLIS CORPORATION 21329 Nordhoff Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 213/709-3300

OHIO Northern Ohio

CARTER, MC CORMIC & PEIRCE, INC. 22650 Lorain Road Cleveland, OH 44126 216/779-5100 -- TWX 8104279253

Southern Ohio

CARTER, MC CORMIC & PEIRCE, INC. 4799 Northcutt Place, Ste. 316 Dayton, OH 45414 513/222-7700 -- TWX 8104591613

OKI AHOMA

U.S. DATA ASSOCIATES 14241 Proton Road Dallas, TX 75240 214/661-9633

OREGON

QUADRA SALES CORPORATION 14825 N.E. 40th Street, Ste. 340 Redmond, WA 98052 503/225-0350

PENNSYLVANIA Western Pennsylvania

> CARTER, MC CORMIC & PEIRCE, INC. 409 Beatty Road Pittsburgh, PA 15146 412/372-4415 -- TWX 7107973671

Eastern Pennsylvania

ELECTRONIC MARKETING ASSOCIATES 649 W. Germantown Pike Plymouth Meeting, PA 19462 215/248-5050

RHODE ISLAND

EMC 381 Elliot Street Newton, MA 02164 617/244-4740

SOUTH CAROLINA

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES Cherokee Center, Ste. 21 627 Cherokee Stteet Marietta, GA 30060 404/424-1931

SOUTH DAKOTA

MICROPOLIS CORPORATION 21329 Nordhoff Street Chatsworth, CA 91311 213/709-3300 TENNESSEE Western Tennessee

> PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES Holiday Office Center, Ste. 1 3322 Memorial Parkway, S.W. Huntsville, AL 35801 205/881-9298

Mid-Eastern Tennessee

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES Cherokee Center, Ste. 21 627 Cherokee Street Marietta, GA 30060 404/424-1931

Far-Eastern Tennessee

PEN-TECH ASSOCIATES 1202 Eastchester Drive High Point, NC 27260 919/883-9125

TEXAS Dallas Area

> U.S. DATA ASSOCIATES 14241 Proton Road Dallas, TX 75240 214/661-9633

Austin Area

U.S. DATA ASSOCIATES 3913 Medical Parkway, Ste. 201 Austin, TX 78756 512/454-3579

Houston Area

U.S. DATA ASSOCIATES 4800 W. 34th Street, Ste. C-7 Houston, TX 77092 713/681-0200

UTAH

WESTEK DATA PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. Box 1355 Evergreen, CO 80439 303/674-5255

VERMONT

EMC 381 Elliot Street Newton, MA 02164 617/244-4740

VIRGINIA

ELECTRONIC MARKETING ASSOCIATES 11716 Parklawn Drive Rockville, MD 20852 301/881-5300 -- 301/744-7700

WASHINGTON

QUADRA SALES CORPORATION 14825 N.E. 40th Street, Ste. 340 Redmond, WA 98052 206/883-3550

WASHINGTON, D.C.

ELECTRONIC MARKETING ASSOCIATES 11716 Parklawn Drive Rockville, MD 20852 301/881-5300 -- 301/744-7700

WEST VIRGINIA

CARTER, MC CORMIC & PEIRCE, INC. 409 Beatty Road Pittsburgh, PA 15146 412/372-4415 -- THX 7107973671 WISCONSIN

DATA ELECTRONICS 5808 W. Higgins Avenue Chicago, IL 60630 312/283-0300

WYOMING

WESTEK DATA PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. Box 1355 Evergreen, CO 80439 303/674-5255

1000

MICROPOLIS INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES

AUSTRALIA

AMPEC ENGINEERING CO. PTY. LTD. 1 Wellington St. Rozelle, NSW 2039, Australia Telephone: (02) 818-1166

BENELUX

C.N. ROOD s.a. Place de Jamblinne de Meux 37 1040 Brussels, Belgium 02-3521.35

CANADA Eastern Canada

MUNRO ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS
7171 Torbran Rd., Unit C9
Mississauga, Ont. CN L4T 3W4

Western Canada

QUADRA SALES CORPORATION 14825 N.E. 40th St., Ste.340 Redmond, WA 98052 Telephone: (206) 883-3550

ENGLAND & SCOTLAND

SINTROM ELLINOR LTD.

14 Arkwright Road
Reading, Berkshire RG2 OLS
England
Telephone: Reading (0734) 85464

FRANCE

TEKELEC AIRTRONIC Cite des Bruyeres Rue Carle Vernet 92310 Sevres, France Telephone: (1) 534-75-35

GREECE

DYNAMCO LTD. 1, Tositsa Str. Athens, 147 Greece Telephone: (01) 8831 198

ISRAEL

MICROCOMPUTER ENGINEERING LTD. P.O. Box 7238 Haifa 31 070, Israel Telephone: (04) 89670

ITALY

MACTRONICS S.A. Viale Jenner 38/40 20159 Milan, Italy Telephone: 6882141-2-3

JAPAN

SHOSHIN SHOJI KAISHA LTD. Nissho Buildings Muromachi, Mihonbashi Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan Telephone: 270-5921

NEW ZEALAND

COMPUTER STORE/DIV. ALBERTLAND ENT. 22B Milford Rd. Milford, Aukland 9, New Zealand Telephone: 499-458

NORWAY

BOHN DATA
Tollbugt 2
Oslo 1, Norway
Telephone: (02) 41 40 50

SOUTH AFRICA

RADIOKOM (1969) PTY. LTD. P.O. Box 56412 Pinegowrie 2123 South Africa Telephone: 789-1400

SOUTHEAST ASIA

TOTAL COMPUTER SYSTEMS (s) PTe. 20/23F, 6th Flr. Block 12 50 Kallang Bahru Singapore 1233

SWITZERLAND

MST MICRO-SYSTEM-TECHNIK AG Badenerstrasse 296 CH-8040 Zurich, Switzerland Telephone: 01-242-1077

WEST GERMANY & AUSTRIA

KONTRON ELEKTRONIC GmbH Breslauer Str. 2 8057 Eching West Germany Telephone: (089)-319-011